



State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

**RE: FINAL PERMIT TO INSTALL CERTIFIED MAIL
KNOX COUNTY**

Street Address:

122 S. Front Street

Lazarus Gov. Center TELE: (614) 644-3020 FAX: (614) 644-2329

Mailing Address:

Lazarus Gov. Center
P.O. Box 1049

Application No: 01-08355

DATE: 4/24/2001

Wenco of Ohio
Brad Hunter
Industrial Park
Mt. Vernon, OH 43050-4730

Enclosed please find an Ohio EPA Permit to Install which will allow you to install the described source(s) in a manner indicated in the permit. Because this permit contains several conditions and restrictions, I urge you to read it carefully.

The Ohio EPA is urging companies to investigate pollution prevention and energy conservation. Not only will this reduce pollution and energy consumption, but it can also save you money. If you would like to learn ways you can save money while protecting the environment, please contact our Office of Pollution Prevention at (614) 644-3469.

You are hereby notified that this action by the Director is final and may be appealed to the Ohio Environmental Review Appeals Commission pursuant to Chapter 3745.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The appeal must be in writing and set forth the action complained of and the grounds upon which the appeal is based. It must be filed within thirty (30) days after the notice of the Directors action. A copy of the appeal must be served on the Director of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency within three (3) days of filing with the Commission. An appeal may be filed with the Environmental Review Appeals Commission at the following address:

Environmental Review Appeals Commission
236 East Town Street, Room 300
Columbus, Ohio 43215

Very truly yours,

Thomas G. Rigo, Manager
Field Operations and Permit Section
Division of Air Pollution Control

CC: USEPA

CDO



Permit To Install

STATE OF OHIO ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

FINAL PERMIT TO INSTALL 01-08355

Application Number: 01-08355
APS Premise Number: 0142010078
Permit Fee: **\$600**
Name of Facility: Wenco of Ohio
Person to Contact: Brad Hunter
Address: Industrial Park
Mt. Vernon, OH 43050-4730

Location of proposed air contaminant source(s) [emissions unit(s)]:

Industrial Park
Mt. Vernon, Ohio

Description of proposed emissions unit(s):

Spray guns, exhaust fans, stack with filter, conveyors, electric dryers and fans.

The above named entity is hereby granted a Permit to Install for the above described emissions unit(s) pursuant to Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code. Issuance of this permit does not constitute expressed or implied approval or agreement that, if constructed or modified in accordance with the plans included in the application, the above described emissions unit(s) of environmental pollutants will operate in compliance with applicable State and Federal laws and regulations, and does not constitute expressed or implied assurance that if constructed or modified in accordance with those plans and specifications, the above described emissions unit(s) of pollutants will be granted the necessary permits to operate (air) or NPDES permits as applicable.

This permit is granted subject to the conditions attached hereto.

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency



Director

Part I - GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

A. Permit to Install General Terms and Conditions

1. Compliance Requirements

The emissions unit(s) identified in this Permit to Install shall remain in full compliance with all applicable State laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit.

2. Reporting Requirements Related to Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements

The permittee shall submit required reports in the following manner:

- a. Reports of any required monitoring and/or recordkeeping information shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency.
- b. Except as otherwise may be provided in the terms and conditions for a specific emissions unit, quarterly written reports of (a) any deviations (excursions) from emission limitations, operational restrictions, and control device operating parameter limitations that have been detected by the testing, monitoring, and recordkeeping requirements specified in this permit, (b) the probable cause of such deviations, and (c) any corrective actions or preventive measures which have been or will be taken, shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency. If no deviations occurred during a calendar quarter, the permittee shall submit a quarterly report, which states that no deviations occurred during that quarter. The reports shall be submitted quarterly, i.e., by January 31, April 30, July 31, and October 31 of each year and shall cover the previous calendar quarters. (These quarterly reports shall exclude deviations resulting from malfunctions reported in accordance with OAC rule 3745-15-06.)

3. Records Retention Requirements

Each record of any monitoring data, testing data, and support information required pursuant to this permit shall be retained for a period of five years from the date the record was created. Support information shall include, but not be limited to, all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by this permit. Such records may be maintained in computerized form.

4. Inspections and Information Requests

The Director of the Ohio EPA, or an authorized representative of the Director, may, subject to the safety requirements of the permittee and without undue delay, enter upon the premises of this source at any reasonable time for purposes of making inspections, conducting tests, examining records or reports pertaining to any emission of air contaminants, and determining compliance with any applicable State air pollution laws and regulations and the terms and conditions of this permit. The permittee shall furnish to the Director of the Ohio EPA, or an authorized

representative of the Director, upon receipt of a written request and within a reasonable time, any information that may be requested to determine whether cause exists for modifying, reopening or revoking this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. Upon verbal or written request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Director of the Ohio EPA, or an authorized representative of the Director, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

5. Scheduled Maintenance/Malfunction Reporting

Any scheduled maintenance of air pollution control equipment shall be performed in accordance with paragraph (A) of OAC rule 3745-15-06. The malfunction of any emissions units or any associated air pollution control system(s) shall be reported to the appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency in accordance with paragraph (B) of OAC rule 3745-15-06. Except as provided in that rule, any scheduled maintenance or malfunction necessitating the shutdown or bypassing of any air pollution control system(s) shall be accompanied by the shutdown of the emissions unit(s) that is (are) served by such control system(s).

6. Permit Transfers

Any transferee of this permit shall assume the responsibilities of the prior permit holder. The appropriate Ohio EPA District Office or local air agency must be notified in writing of any transfer of this permit.

7. Air Pollution Nuisance

The air contaminants emitted by the emissions units covered by this permit shall not cause a public nuisance, in violation of OAC rule 3745-15-07.

8. Termination of Permit to Install

This Permit to Install shall terminate within eighteen months of the effective date of the Permit to Install if the owner or operator has not undertaken a continuing program of installation or modification or has not entered into a binding contractual obligation to undertake and complete within a reasonable time a continuing program of installation or modification. This deadline may be extended by up to 12 months if application is made to the Director within a reasonable time before the termination date and the party shows good cause for any such extension.

9. Construction of New Sources(s)

The proposed emissions unit(s) shall be constructed in strict accordance with the plans and application submitted for this permit to the Director of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency. There may be no deviation from the approved plans without the express, written approval of the Agency. Any deviations from the approved plans or the above conditions may lead to such sanctions and penalties as provided under Ohio law. Approval of these plans does not constitute an assurance that the proposed facilities will operate in compliance with all Ohio laws and regulations. Additional facilities shall be installed upon orders of the Ohio

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Environmental Protection Agency if the proposed sources cannot meet the requirements of this permit or cannot meet applicable standards.

If the construction of the proposed emissions unit(s) has already begun or has been completed prior to the date the Director of the Environmental Protection Agency approves the permit application and plans, the approval does not constitute expressed or implied assurance that the proposed facility has been constructed in accordance with the approved plans. The action of beginning and/or completing construction prior to obtaining the Director's approval constitutes a violation of OAC rule 3745-31-02. Furthermore, issuance of the Permit to Install does not constitute an assurance that the proposed source will operate in compliance with all Ohio laws and regulations. Approval of the plans in any case is not to be construed as an approval of the facility as constructed and/or completed. Moreover, issuance of the Permit to Install is not to be construed as a waiver of any rights that the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (or other persons) may have against the applicant for starting construction prior to the effective date of the permit. Additional facilities shall be installed upon orders of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency if the proposed facilities cannot meet the requirements of this permit or cannot meet applicable standards.

10. Public Disclosure

The facility is hereby notified that this permit, and all agency records concerning the operation of this permitted source, are subject to public disclosure in accordance with OAC rule 3745-49-03.

11. Applicability

This Permit to Install is applicable only to the emissions unit(s) identified in the Permit to Install. Separate application must be made to the Director for the installation or modification of any other emissions unit(s).

12. Best Available Technology

As specified in OAC Rule 3745-31-05, all new sources must employ Best Available Technology (BAT). Compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit will fulfill this requirement.

13. Source Operation and Operating Permit Requirements After Completion of Construction

This facility is permitted to operate each source described by this Permit to Install for a period of up to one year from the date the source commenced operation. This permission to operate is granted only if the facility complies with all requirements contained in this permit and all applicable air pollution laws, regulations, and policies. Pursuant to OAC Chapter 3745-35, the permittee shall submit a complete operating permit application within thirty (30) days after commencing operation of the emissions unit(s) covered by this permit.

14. Construction Compliance Certification

The applicant shall provide Ohio EPA with a written certification (see enclosed form) that the facility has been constructed in accordance with the Permit to Install application and the terms and conditions of the Permit to Install. The certification shall be provided to Ohio EPA upon completion of construction but prior to startup of the source.

15. Fees

The permittee shall pay fees to the Director of the Ohio EPA in accordance with ORC section 3745.11 and OAC Chapter 3745-78. The permittee shall pay all applicable Permit to Install fees within 30 days after the issuance of this Permit to Install.

B. Permit to Install Summary of Allowable Emissions

The following information summarizes the total allowable emissions, by pollutant, based on the individual allowable emissions of each air contaminant source identified in this permit.

**SUMMARY (for informational purposes only)
TOTAL PERMIT TO INSTALL ALLOWABLE EMISSIONS**

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>Tons Per Year</u>
OC	30.0

PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

- 1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
R002 - Sill line spray booth (Modification)	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	Organic compound emissions shall not exceed 8.0 pound per hour and 10.0 tons per year from all coatings and cleanup materials used in this emissions unit.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)(2)	Organic compound emissions shall not exceed 8 lbs/hr and 40 lbs/day in any day when using a photochemically reactive materials, unless said discharge has been reduced by at least 85%. See Section A.2.a. below.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a Prior to employing any photochemically reactive materials, the permittee shall provide written notification to, and obtain approval from, the Ohio EPA Central District Office. Such notification shall include information sufficient to determine that the emissions associated with the proposed change in materials will comply with the emission limits and/or control requirements as defined in OAC 3745-21-07(G)(2). This notification, at a minimum, shall include the company identification of the new material to be employed, the solvent composition of the material, and the maximum amount to be used, in pounds per hour and year.

B. Operational Restrictions

1. The permittee shall operate the dry filtration system whenever this emissions unit is in operation.

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each day for the coating operation:
 - a. the company identification for each coating and cleanup material used in the coating booth, and the composition and photochemically reactive status of each material employed;
 - b. the number of gallons or number of pounds of each coating and cleanup material employed, in gallons per day, or by weight in pounds per day;
 - c. the organic compound content of each coating and cleanup material, in pounds per gallon or percent by weight;
 - d. the total organic compound emission rate for all coatings and cleanup materials employed, in pounds per day;
 - e. the total number of hours the emissions unit was in operation; and
 - f. the average hourly organic compound emission rate for all coatings and cleanup materials employed, i.e., (d)/(e), in pounds per hour (average).

[Note: The coating information must be for the coatings as employed, including any thinning solvents added at the emissions unit.]

2. For the purpose of determining annual organic compound emissions, the permittee shall total the organic compound emissions for all coatings and cleanup materials employed during the month, at the end of each month.
3. The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each day a photochemically reactive coating or cleanup material is applied in the coating operation:
 - a. the company identification for each coating and photochemically reactive cleanup material employed;
 - b. the number of gallons of each coating and photochemically reactive cleanup material employed;

- c. the organic compound content of each coating and photochemically reactive cleanup material, in pounds per gallon;
- d. for each day during which a photochemically reactive material is employed, the total organic compound emission rate for all coatings and photochemically reactive cleanup materials, in pounds per day;
- e. for each day during which a photochemically reactive material is employed, the total number of hours the emissions unit was in operation; and
- f. for each day during which a photochemically reactive material is employed, the average hourly organic compound emission rate for all coatings and photochemically reactive cleanup materials, i.e., (d)/(e), in pounds per hour (average); or
- g. if the total emissions calculated from all materials applied in Section C.1 demonstrate compliance with the limits from OAC 3745-21-07(G)(2), this record (Section C.3) shall not be required.

[Note: The coating information must be for the coatings as employed, including any thinning solvents added at the emissions unit. Also, the definitions of "photochemically reactive" and "nonphotochemically reactive" are based upon OAC rule 3745-21-01(C)(5).]

4. The permittee shall maintain daily records that document any time periods when the fabric filters were not in service when the emissions unit was in operation.
5. The permit to install for this emissions unit (R002) was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's exhaust system, as specified by the permittee in the permit to install application. The Ohio EPA's "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions" policy ("Air Toxic Policy") was applied for each pollutant emitted over 1 ton per year, by this emissions unit, using data from the permit to install application and the SCREEN 3.0 model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration from the use of the SCREEN 3.0 model was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC). The following summarizes the results of the modeling for the "worst case" pollutants, from the single stack venting R002, R002, and R004, after control of the fabric filter and collection of coating overspray, which would mirror the actual rather than worst-case stack emissions from all three emission units:

Pollutant: quartz

TLV (mg/m³): 0.10 mg/m³

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate: 0.006 lbs/hr

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration: 0.785 ug/m³

MAGLC : 2.381 ug/m³

Pollutant: calcium carbonate

TLV (mg/m³): 10 mg/m³

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate: 0.865 lbs/hr

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration: 109.9 ug/m³

MAGLC : 238.1 ug/m³

Pollutant: talc

TLV (mg/m³): 2 mg/m³

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate: 0.494 lbs/hr

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration: 46.43 ug/m³ at 55 meters

MAGLC : 47.619 ug/m³

6. Physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit after its installation or modification could affect the parameters used to determine whether or not the "Air Toxic Policy" is satisfied. Consequently, prior to making a change that could impact such parameters, the permittee shall conduct an evaluation to determine that the "Air Toxic Policy" will still be satisfied. If, upon evaluation, the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will not be satisfied, the permittee will not make the change. Changes that can affect the parameters used in applying the "Air Toxic Policy" include the following:
 - a. changes in the composition of the materials used, or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a compound with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV), as indicated in the most recent version of the handbook entitled "American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)," than the lowest TLV value previously modeled;

- b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in an increase in emissions of any pollutant with a listed TLV that was proposed in the application and modeled; and
- c. physical changes to the emissions unit or its exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01(VV)(1)(a)(ii), and a modification of the existing permit to install will not be required. If the change(s) is (are) defined as a modification under other provisions of the modification definition (other than (VV)(1)(a)(ii)), then the permittee shall obtain a final permit to install prior to the change.

- 7. The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information when it conducts evaluations to determine that the changed emissions unit will still satisfy the "Air Toxic Policy:"
 - a. a description of the parameters changed (composition of materials, new pollutants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
 - b. documentation of its evaluation and determination that the changed emissions unit still satisfies the "Air Toxic Policy"; and
 - c. where computer modeling is performed, a copy of the resulting computer model runs that show the results of the application of the "Air Toxic Policy" for the change.

D. Reporting Requirements

- 1. The permittee shall submit deviation (excursion) reports which identifies each day during which the average hourly organic compound emissions from all coatings and cleanup materials employed in this emissions unit exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic compound emissions for each such day.
- 2. The permittee shall submit deviation (excursion) reports which include the following information:
 - a. for the days during which a photochemically reactive material was employed, an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic compound emissions from the coatings and photochemically reactive cleanup materials exceeded 8 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic compound emissions for each such day; and

Emissions Unit ID: R002

- b. for the days during which a photochemically reactive material was employed, an identification of each day during which the organic compound emissions from the coatings and photochemically reactive cleanup materials exceeded 40 pounds per day, and the actual organic compound emissions for each such day.
3. The permittee shall also submit annual reports which specify the total organic compound emissions from this emissions unit for the previous calendar year. These reports shall be submitted by January 31 of each year.
4. The permittee shall notify the Ohio EPA Central District Office in writing of any daily record showing that the dry filtrations system was not in service when the emissions unit was in operation. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Ohio EPA Central District Office within 30 days after the event occurs.

E. Testing Requirements

Compliance with the emission limitations contained in this permit shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

1. Hourly Emission Limitation for Coating Application

8.0 lbs OC/hr

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance with the hourly OC limit shall be determined through daily recordkeeping of coating and cleanup material usage, the organic compound content of each coating and cleanup material used, hours of operation, and the summation of the calculated OC emissions from each material. Formulation data or USEPA Method 24 shall be used to determine the organic compound contents of the coatings and cleanup materials. Daily emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the OC content of all materials used (lbs OC/gallon of material or % OC by weight) times each coating and cleanup material's usage each day; these emissions shall be summed for all materials used. Average hourly emissions shall be calculated by dividing the total daily calculated emissions by the hours of operation. Calculations shall be documented as follows:

$$\text{OC emissions/day} = \sum_{n=1}^i (\text{lbs OC/gal coating}) \times (\text{coating usage in gal/day}) + (\text{lbs OC/gal cleanup material}) \times (\text{cleanup material usage in gal/day}); \text{ or}$$

$$\text{OC emissions/day} = \sum_{n=1}^i (\% \text{ OC in coating by weight}) \times (\text{coating usage in lbs/day}) + (\% \text{ OC in$$

cleanup material by weight) x (cleanup material usage in lbs/day); and

OC emissions/hr = OC emissions per day / hours of operation per day

2. Emission Limitation

8 lbs OC/hr and 40 lbs OC/day when using photochemically reactive materials

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance with the daily OC limit, when using photochemically reactive materials (PRM), shall be determined through daily recordkeeping of coating and PRM cleanup material usage, the photochemically reactive status of all materials, the organic compound content of each coating and PRM cleanup material used, hours of operation, and the summation of the calculated OC emissions from these materials on any day when using photochemically reactive materials. Formulation data or USEPA Method 24 shall be used to determine the organic compound content and PRM status of the coatings and cleanup materials applied. Daily emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the OC content of all coatings and PRM cleanup materials used (lbs OC/gallon of material or % OC by weight) times each material's usage each day; these emissions shall be summed, for all coatings and PRM cleanup materials used during any day in which a PRM material is applied. Calculations shall be documented as follows:

$$\text{OC emissions/day} = \sum_{n=1}^i (\text{lbs OC/gal coating}) \times (\text{coating usage in gal/day}) + (\text{lbs OC/gal PRM cleanup material}) \times (\text{PRM cleanup material usage in gal/day}); \text{ or}$$

$$\text{OC emissions/day} = \sum_{n=1}^i (\% \text{ OC in coating by weight}) \times (\text{coating usage in lbs/day}) + (\% \text{ OC in PRM cleanup material by weight}) \times (\text{PRM cleanup material usage in lbs/day}); \text{ and}$$

OC emissions/hr = OC emissions per day / hours of operation per day

3. Annual Emission Limitation

10.0 tons OC year

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance with this annual OC limit shall be determined through daily and monthly

Wenco of Ohio**PTI Application: 01 00255****Issued****Facility ID: 0142010078**Emissions Unit ID: **R002**

recordkeeping of coating and cleanup material usage and the organic compound content of each coating and cleanup material used. Formulation data or USEPA Method 24 shall be used to determine the organic compound contents of the coatings and cleanup materials. Monthly emissions shall be derived from daily emission calculations or may be re-calculated from monthly material usage records, and shall be added at the end of each year, to demonstrate compliance with this limit.

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
R003 - Sash line spray booth (Modification)	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	Organic compound emissions shall not exceed 8.0 pound per hour and 10.0 tons per year from all coatings and cleanup materials used in this emissions unit.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)(2)	Organic compound emissions shall not exceed 8 lbs/hr and 40 lbs/day in any day when using a photochemically reactive materials, unless said discharge has been reduced by at least 85%. See Section A.2.a. below.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a Prior to employing any photochemically reactive materials, the permittee shall provide written notification to, and obtain approval from, the Ohio EPA Central District Office. Such notification shall include information sufficient to determine that the emissions associated with the proposed change in materials will comply with the emission limits and/or control requirements as defined in OAC 3745-21-07(G)(2). This notification, at a minimum, shall include the company identification of the new material to be employed, the solvent composition of the material, and the maximum amount to be used, in pounds per hour and year.

B. Operational Restrictions

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Wenco

PTI A

Issued: 4/24/2001

Emissions Unit ID: **R003**

The permittee shall operate the dry filtration system whenever this emissions unit is in operation.

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each day for the coating operation:
 - a. the company identification for each coating and cleanup material used in the coating booth and the composition and photochemically reactive status of each material employed;
 - b. the number of gallons or number of pounds of each coating and cleanup material employed, in gallons per day, or by weight in pounds per day;
 - c. the organic compound content of each coating and cleanup material, in pounds per gallon or percent by weight;
 - d. the total organic compound emission rate for all coatings and cleanup materials employed, in pounds per day;
 - e. the total number of hours the emissions unit was in operation; and
 - f. the average hourly organic compound emission rate for all coatings and cleanup materials employed, i.e., (d)/(e), in pounds per hour (average).

[Note: The coating information must be for the coatings as employed, including any thinning solvents added at the emissions unit.]

2. For the purpose of determining annual organic compound emissions, the permittee shall total the organic compound emissions for all coatings and cleanup materials employed during the month, at the end of each month.
3. The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each day a photochemically reactive coating or cleanup material is applied in the coating operation:
 - a. the company identification for each coating and photochemically reactive cleanup material employed;
 - b. the number of gallons of each coating and photochemically reactive cleanup material employed;
 - c. the organic compound content of each coating and photochemically reactive cleanup

material, in pounds per gallon;

- d. for each day during which a photochemically reactive material is employed, the total organic compound emission rate for all coatings and photochemically reactive cleanup materials, in pounds per day;
- e. for each day during which a photochemically reactive material is employed, the total number of hours the emissions unit was in operation; and
- f. for each day during which a photochemically reactive material is employed, the average hourly organic compound emission rate for all coatings and photochemically reactive cleanup materials, i.e., (d)/(e), in pounds per hour (average); or
- g. if the total emissions calculated from all materials applied in Section C.1 demonstrate compliance with the limits from OAC 3745-21-07(G)(2), this record (Section C.3) shall not be required.

[Note: The coating information must be for the coatings as employed, including any thinning solvents added at the emissions unit. Also, the definitions of "photochemically reactive" and "nonphotochemically reactive" are based upon OAC rule 3745-21-01(C)(5).]

4. The permittee shall maintain daily records that document any time periods when the fabric filters were not in service when the emissions unit was in operation.
5. The permit to install for this emissions unit (R003) was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's exhaust system, as specified by the permittee in the permit to install application. The Ohio EPA's "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions" policy ("Air Toxic Policy") was applied for each pollutant emitted over 1 ton per year, by this emissions unit, using data from the permit to install application and the SCREEN 3.0 model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration from the use of the SCREEN 3.0 model was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC). The following summarizes the results of the modeling for the "worst case" pollutants, from the single stack venting R002, R002, and R004, after control of the fabric filter and collection of coating overspray, which would mirror the actual rather than worst-case stack emissions from all three emission units:

Pollutant: quartz

TLV (mg/m³): 0.10 mg/m³

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate: 0.006 lbs/hr

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration: 0.785 ug/m³

MAGLC : 2.381 ug/m³

Pollutant: calcium carbonate

TLV (mg/m³): 10 mg/m³

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate: 0.865 lbs/hr

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration: 109.9 ug/m³

MAGLC : 238.1 ug/m³

Pollutant: talc

TLV (mg/m³): 2 mg/m³

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate: 0.494 lbs/hr

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration: 46.43 ug/m³ at 55 meters

MAGLC : 47.619 ug/m³

6. Physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit after its installation or modification could affect the parameters used to determine whether or not the "Air Toxic Policy" is satisfied. Consequently, prior to making a change that could impact such parameters, the permittee shall conduct an evaluation to determine that the "Air Toxic Policy" will still be satisfied. If, upon evaluation, the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will not be satisfied, the permittee will not make the change. Changes that can affect the parameters used in applying the "Air Toxic Policy" include the following:
 - a. changes in the composition of the materials used, or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a compound with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV), as indicated in the most recent version of the handbook entitled "American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)," than the lowest TLV value previously modeled;
 - b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in

Emissions Unit ID: R003

an increase in emissions of any pollutant with a listed TLV that was proposed in the application and modeled; and

- c. physical changes to the emissions unit or its exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01(VV)(1)(a)(ii), and a modification of the existing permit to install will not be required. If the change(s) is (are) defined as a modification under other provisions of the modification definition (other than (VV)(1)(a)(ii)), then the permittee shall obtain a final permit to install prior to the change.

- 7. The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information when it conducts evaluations to determine that the changed emissions unit will still satisfy the "Air Toxic Policy":
 - a. a description of the parameters changed (composition of materials, new pollutants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
 - b. documentation of its evaluation and determination that the changed emissions unit still satisfies the "Air Toxic Policy"; and
 - c. where computer modeling is performed, a copy of the resulting computer model runs that show the results of the application of the "Air Toxic Policy" for the change.

D. Reporting Requirements

- 1. The permittee shall submit deviation (excursion) reports which identifies each day during which the average hourly organic compound emissions from all coatings and cleanup materials employed in this emissions unit exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic compound emissions for each such day.
- 2. The permittee shall submit deviation (excursion) reports which include the following information:
 - a. for the days during which a photochemically reactive material was employed, an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic compound emissions from the coatings and photochemically reactive cleanup materials exceeded 8 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic compound emissions for each such day; and
 - b. for the days during which a photochemically reactive material was employed, an identification of each day during which the organic compound emissions from the coatings

and photochemically reactive cleanup materials exceeded 40 pounds per day, and the actual organic compound emissions for each such day.

3. The permittee shall also submit annual reports which specify the total organic compound emissions from this emissions unit for the previous calendar year. These reports shall be submitted by January 31 of each year.
4. The permittee shall notify the Ohio EPA Central District Office in writing of any daily record showing that the dry filtrations system was not in service when the emissions unit was in operation. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Ohio EPA Central District Office within 30 days after the event occurs.

E. Testing Requirements

Compliance with the emission limitations contained in this permit shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

1. Hourly Emission Limitation for Coating Application

8.0 lbs OC/hr

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance with the hourly OC limit shall be determined through daily recordkeeping of coating and cleanup material usage, the organic compound content of each coating and cleanup material used, hours of operation, and the summation of the calculated OC emissions from each material. Formulation data or USEPA Method 24 shall be used to determine the organic compound contents of the coatings and cleanup materials. Daily emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the OC content of all materials used (lbs OC/gallon of material or % OC by weight) times each coating and cleanup material's usage each day; these emissions shall be summed for all materials used. Average hourly emissions shall be calculated by dividing the total daily calculated emissions by the hours of operation. Calculations shall be documented as follows:

$$\text{OC emissions/day} = \sum_{n=1}^i (\text{lbs OC/gal coating}) \times (\text{coating usage in gal/day}) + (\text{lbs OC/gal cleanup material}) \times (\text{cleanup material usage in gal/day}); \text{ or}$$

$$\text{OC emissions/day} = \sum_{n=1}^i (\% \text{ OC in coating by weight}) \times (\text{coating usage in lbs/day}) + (\% \text{ OC in cleanup material by weight}) \times (\text{cleanup material usage in lbs/day}); \text{ and}$$

OC emissions/hr = OC emissions per day / hours of operation per day

2. Emission Limitation

8 lbs OC/hr and 40 lbs OC/day when using photochemically reactive materials

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance with the daily OC limit, when using photochemically reactive materials (PRM), shall be determined through daily recordkeeping of coating and PRM cleanup material usage, the photochemically reactive status of all materials, the organic compound content of each coating and PRM cleanup material used, hours of operation, and the summation of the calculated OC emissions from these materials on any day when using photochemically reactive materials. Formulation data or USEPA Method 24 shall be used to determine the organic compound content and PRM status of the coatings and cleanup materials applied. Daily emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the OC content of all coatings and PRM cleanup materials used (lbs OC/gallon of material or % OC by weight) times each material's usage each day; these emissions shall be summed, for all coatings and PRM cleanup materials used during any day in which a PRM material is applied. Calculations shall be documented as follows:

$$\text{OC emissions/day} = \sum_{n=1}^i (\text{lbs OC/gal coating}) \times (\text{coating usage in gal/day}) + (\text{lbs OC/gal PRM cleanup material}) \times (\text{PRM cleanup material usage in gal/day}); \text{ or}$$

$$\text{OC emissions/day} = \sum_{n=1}^i (\% \text{ OC in coating by weight}) \times (\text{coating usage in lbs/day}) + (\% \text{ OC in PRM cleanup material by weight}) \times (\text{PRM cleanup material usage in lbs/day}); \text{ and}$$

OC emissions/hr = OC emissions per day / hours of operation per day

3. Annual Emission Limitation

10.0 tons OC year

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance with this annual OC limit shall be determined through daily and monthly recordkeeping of coating and cleanup material usage and the organic compound content of each coating and cleanup material used. Formulation data or USEPA Method 24 shall be used to

determine the organic compound contents of the coatings and cleanup materials. Monthly emissions shall be derived from daily emission calculations or may be re-calculated from monthly material usage records, and shall be added at the end of each year, to demonstrate compliance with this limit.

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

PART II - SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SPECIFIC EMISSIONS UNIT(S)

A. Applicable Emissions Limitations and/or Control Requirements

1. The specific operations(s), property, and/or equipment which constitute this emissions unit are listed in the following table along with the applicable rules and/or requirements and with the applicable emissions limitations and/or control measures. Emissions from this unit shall not exceed the listed limitations, and the listed control measures shall be specified in narrative form following the table.

<u>Operations, Property, and/or Equipment</u>	<u>Applicable Rules/Requirements</u>	<u>Applicable Emissions Limitations/Control Measures</u>
R004 - Stain line spray booth (Modification)	OAC rule 3745-31-05(A)(3)	Organic compound emissions shall not exceed 8.0 pound per hour and 10.0 tons per year from all coatings and cleanup materials used in this emissions unit.
	OAC rule 3745-21-07(G)(2)	Organic compound emissions shall not exceed 8 lbs/hr and 40 lbs/day in any day when using a photochemically reactive materials, unless said discharge has been reduced by at least 85%. See Section A.2.a. below.

2. Additional Terms and Conditions

- 2.a Prior to employing any photochemically reactive materials, the permittee shall provide written notification to, and obtain approval from, the Ohio EPA Central District Office. Such notification shall include information sufficient to determine that the emissions associated with the proposed change in materials will comply with the emission limits and/or control requirements as defined in OAC 3745-21-07(G)(2). This notification, at a minimum, shall include the company identification of the new material to be employed, the solvent composition of the material, and the maximum amount to be used, in pounds per hour and year.

B. Operational Restrictions

Wenco of Ohio

PTI Application: 01 09255

Issued

Facility ID: 0142010078

Emissions Unit ID: R004

The permittee shall operate the dry filtration system whenever this emissions unit is in operation.

C. Monitoring and/or Recordkeeping Requirements

1. The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each day for the coating operation:
 - a. the company identification for each coating and cleanup material used in the coating booth and the composition and photochemically reactive status of each material employed;
 - b. the number of gallons or number of pounds of each coating and cleanup material employed, in gallons per day, or by weight in pounds per day;
 - c. the organic compound content of each coating and cleanup material, in pounds per gallon or percent by weight;
 - d. the total organic compound emission rate for all coatings and cleanup materials employed, in pounds per day;
 - e. the total number of hours the emissions unit was in operation; and
 - f. the average hourly organic compound emission rate for all coatings and cleanup materials employed, i.e., (d)/(e), in pounds per hour (average).

[Note: The coating information must be for the coatings as employed, including any thinning solvents added at the emissions unit.]

2. For the purpose of determining annual organic compound emissions, the permittee shall total the organic compound emissions for all coatings and cleanup materials employed during the month, at the end of each month.
3. The permittee shall collect and record the following information for each day a photochemically reactive coating or cleanup material is applied in the coating operation:
 - a. the company identification for each coating and photochemically reactive cleanup material employed;
 - b. the number of gallons of each coating and photochemically reactive cleanup material employed;
 - c. the organic compound content of each coating and photochemically reactive cleanup

material, in pounds per gallon;

- d. for each day during which a photochemically reactive material is employed, the total organic compound emission rate for all coatings and photochemically reactive cleanup materials, in pounds per day;
- e. for each day during which a photochemically reactive material is employed, the total number of hours the emissions unit was in operation; and
- f. for each day during which a photochemically reactive material is employed, the average hourly organic compound emission rate for all coatings and photochemically reactive cleanup materials, i.e., (d)/(e), in pounds per hour (average); or
- g. if the total emissions calculated from all materials applied in Section C.1 demonstrate compliance with the limits from OAC 3745-21-07(G)(2), this record (Section C.3) shall not be required.

[Note: The coating information must be for the coatings as employed, including any thinning solvents added at the emissions unit. Also, the definitions of "photochemically reactive" and "nonphotochemically reactive" are based upon OAC rule 3745-21-01(C)(5).]

4. The permittee shall maintain daily records that document any time periods when the fabric filters were not in service when the emissions unit was in operation.
5. The permit to install for this emissions unit (R004) was evaluated based on the actual materials and the design parameters of the emissions unit's exhaust system, as specified by the permittee in the permit to install application. The Ohio EPA's "Review of New Sources of Air Toxic Emissions" policy ("Air Toxic Policy") was applied for each pollutant emitted over 1 ton per year, by this emissions unit, using data from the permit to install application and the SCREEN 3.0 model. The predicted 1-hour maximum ground-level concentration from the use of the SCREEN 3.0 model was compared to the Maximum Acceptable Ground-Level Concentration (MAGLC). The following summarizes the results of the modeling for the "worst case" pollutants, from the single stack venting R002, R002, and R004, after control of the fabric filter and collection of coating overspray, which would mirror the actual rather than worst-case stack emissions from all three emission units:

Pollutant: quartz

TLV (mg/m³): 0.10 mg/m³

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate: 0.006 lbs/hr

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration: 0.785 ug/m³

MAGLC : 2.381 ug/m³

Pollutant: calcium carbonate

TLV (mg/m³): 10 mg/m³

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate: 0.865 lbs/hr

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration: 109.9 ug/m³

MAGLC : 238.1 ug/m³

Pollutant: talc

TLV (mg/m³): 2 mg/m³

Maximum Hourly Emission Rate: 0.494 lbs/hr

Predicted 1-Hour Maximum Ground-Level Concentration: 46.43 ug/m³ at 55 meters

MAGLC : 47.619 ug/m³

6. Physical changes to or changes in the method of operation of the emissions unit after its installation or modification could affect the parameters used to determine whether or not the "Air Toxic Policy" is satisfied. Consequently, prior to making a change that could impact such parameters, the permittee shall conduct an evaluation to determine that the "Air Toxic Policy" will still be satisfied. If, upon evaluation, the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will not be satisfied, the permittee will not make the change. Changes that can affect the parameters used in applying the "Air Toxic Policy" include the following:
 - a. changes in the composition of the materials used, or the use of new materials, that would result in the emission of a compound with a lower Threshold Limit Value (TLV), as indicated in the most recent version of the handbook entitled "American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)," than the lowest TLV value previously modeled;
 - b. changes in the composition of the materials, or use of new materials, that would result in

an increase in emissions of any pollutant with a listed TLV that was proposed in the application and modeled; and

- c. physical changes to the emissions unit or its exhaust parameters (e.g., increased/ decreased exhaust flow, changes in stack height, changes in stack diameter, etc.).

If the permittee determines that the "Air Toxic Policy" will be satisfied for the above changes, the Ohio EPA will not consider the change(s) to be a "modification" under OAC rule 3745-31-01(VV)(1)(a)(ii), and a modification of the existing permit to install will not be required. If the change(s) is (are) defined as a modification under other provisions of the modification definition (other than (VV)(1)(a)(ii)), then the permittee shall obtain a final permit to install prior to the change.

7. The permittee shall collect, record, and retain the following information when it conducts evaluations to determine that the changed emissions unit will still satisfy the "Air Toxic Policy":
 - a. a description of the parameters changed (composition of materials, new pollutants emitted, change in stack/exhaust parameters, etc.);
 - b. documentation of its evaluation and determination that the changed emissions unit still satisfies the "Air Toxic Policy"; and
 - c. where computer modeling is performed, a copy of the resulting computer model runs that show the results of the application of the "Air Toxic Policy" for the change.

D. Reporting Requirements

1. The permittee shall submit deviation (excursion) reports which identifies each day during which the average hourly organic compound emissions from all coatings and cleanup materials employed in this emissions unit exceeded 8.0 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic compound emissions for each such day.
2. The permittee shall submit deviation (excursion) reports which include the following information:
 - a. for the days during which a photochemically reactive material was employed, an identification of each day during which the average hourly organic compound emissions from the coatings and photochemically reactive cleanup materials exceeded 8 pounds per hour, and the actual average hourly organic compound emissions for each such day; and
 - b. for the days during which a photochemically reactive material was employed, an

identification of each day during which the organic compound emissions from the coatings and photochemically reactive cleanup materials exceeded 40 pounds per day, and the actual organic compound emissions for each such day.

3. The permittee shall also submit annual reports which specify the total organic compound emissions from this emissions unit for the previous calendar year. These reports shall be submitted by January 31 of each year.
4. The permittee shall notify the Ohio EPA Central District Office in writing of any daily record showing that the dry filtrations system was not in service when the emissions unit was in operation. The notification shall include a copy of such record and shall be sent to the Ohio EPA Central District Office within 30 days after the event occurs.

E. Testing Requirements

Compliance with the emission limitations contained in this permit shall be determined in accordance with the following methods:

1. Hourly Emission Limitation for Coating Application
8.0 lbs OC/hr

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance with the hourly OC limit shall be determined through daily recordkeeping of coating and cleanup material usage, the organic compound content of each coating and cleanup material used, hours of operation, and the summation of the calculated OC emissions from each material. Formulation data or USEPA Method 24 shall be used to determine the organic compound contents of the coatings and cleanup materials. Daily emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the OC content of all materials used (lbs OC/gallon of material or % OC by weight) times each coating and cleanup material's usage each day; these emissions shall be summed for all materials used. Average hourly emissions shall be calculated by dividing the total daily calculated emissions by the hours of operation. Calculations shall be documented as follows:

$$\text{OC emissions/day} = \sum_{n=1}^i (\text{lbs OC/gal coating}) \times (\text{coating usage in gal/day}) + (\text{lbs OC/gal cleanup material}) \times (\text{cleanup material usage in gal/day}); \text{ or}$$

$$\text{OC emissions/day} = \sum_{n=1}^i (\% \text{ OC in coating by weight}) \times (\text{coating usage in lbs/day}) + (\% \text{ OC in cleanup material by weight}) \times (\text{cleanup material usage in lbs/day}); \text{ and}$$

$$\text{OC emissions/hr} = \text{OC emissions per day} / \text{hours of operation per day}$$

2. Emission Limitation

8 lbs OC/hr and 40 lbs OC/day when using photochemically reactive materials

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance with the daily OC limit, when using photochemically reactive materials (PRM), shall be determined through daily recordkeeping of coating and PRM cleanup material usage, the photochemically reactive status of all materials, the organic compound content of each coating and PRM cleanup material used, hours of operation, and the summation of the calculated OC emissions from these materials on any day when using photochemically reactive materials. Formulation data or USEPA Method 24 shall be used to determine the organic compound content and PRM status of the coatings and cleanup materials applied. Daily emissions shall be calculated by multiplying the OC content of all coatings and PRM cleanup materials used (lbs OC/gallon of material or % OC by weight) times each material's usage each day; these emissions shall be summed, for all coatings and PRM cleanup materials used during any day in which a PRM material is applied. Calculations shall be documented as follows:

$$\text{OC emissions/day} = \sum_{n=1}^i (\text{lbs OC/gal coating}) \times (\text{coating usage in gal/day}) + (\text{lbs OC/gal PRM})$$

$$\text{cleanup material)} \times (\text{PRM cleanup material usage in gal/day}); \text{ or}$$

$$\text{OC emissions/day} = \sum_i (\% \text{ OC in coating by weight}) \times (\text{coating usage in lbs/day}) + (\% \text{ OC in PRM}$$

$$\text{cleanup material by weight}) \times (\text{PRM cleanup material usage in lbs/day}); \text{ and}$$

$$\text{OC emissions/hr} = \text{OC emissions per day} / \text{hours of operation per day}$$

3. Annual Emission Limitation

10.0 tons OC year

Applicable Compliance Method

Compliance with this annual OC limit shall be determined through daily and monthly recordkeeping of coating and cleanup material usage and the organic compound content of each coating and cleanup material used. Formulation data or USEPA Method 24 shall be used to determine the organic compound contents of the coatings and cleanup materials. Monthly emissions shall be derived from daily emission calculations or may be re-calculated from monthly material usage records, and shall be added at the end of each year, to demonstrate compliance with this limit.

F. Miscellaneous Requirements

None

NEW SOURCE REVIEW FORM B

PTI Number: 01-08355 Facility ID: 0142010078

FACILITY NAME Wenco of Ohio

FACILITY DESCRIPTION Spray guns, exhaust fans, stack with filter, conveyors, electric dryers and fans CITY/TWP Mt. Vernon

SIC CODE 2431 SCC CODE 4-02-021-31, 4-02-021-32, 4-02-021-08 EMISSIONS UNIT ID R002

EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION Sill line spray booth

DATE INSTALLED 1994

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀					
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds	Attainment	8.0	9.89	8.0	10.0
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? NESHAP? PSD? OFFSET POLICY?

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? yes

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? X YES NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: quartz, talc, calcium carbonate

NEW SOURCE REVIEW FORM B

PTI Number: 01-08355

Facility ID: 0142010078

FACILITY NAME Wenco of Ohio

FACILITY DESCRIPTION Sprav guns. exhaust fans. stack with filter. CITY/TWP Mt. Vernon

Emissions Unit ID: **R004**

SIC CODE

2431

SCC CODE

4-02-021-31,

EMISSIONS UNIT ID

R003

4-02-021-32,

4-02-021-08

EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION

Sash line spray booth

DATE INSTALLED

1990

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀					
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds	Attainment	8.0	9.89	8.0	10.0
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS?

NESHAP?

PSD?

OFFSET POLICY?

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY?

yes

OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT?

\$

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*?

X

YES

NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS:

quartz, talc, calcium carbonate

36 NEW SOURCE REVIEW FORM B

PTI Number: 01-08355 Facility ID: 0142010078

FACILITY NAME Wenco of Ohio

FACILITY DESCRIPTION Sprav guns. exhaust fans. stack with filter. CITY/TWP Mt. Vernon

Emissions Unit ID: **R004**

SIC CODE 2431 SCC CODE 4-02-021-31, 4-02-021-32, 4-02-021-08 EMISSIONS UNIT ID R004

EMISSIONS UNIT DESCRIPTION Stain line spray booth

DATE INSTALLED 1980

EMISSIONS: (Click on bubble help for Air Quality Descriptions)

Pollutants	Air Quality Description	Actual Emissions Rate		PTI Allowable	
		Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year	Short Term Rate	Tons Per Year
Particulate Matter					
PM ₁₀					
Sulfur Dioxide					
Organic Compounds	Attainment	8.0	9.89	8.0	10.0
Nitrogen Oxides					
Carbon Monoxide					
Lead					
Other: Air Toxics					

APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES:

NSPS? NESHAP? PSD? OFFSET POLICY?

WHAT IS THE BAT DETERMINATION, AND WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THE DETERMINATION?

Enter Determination

IS THIS SOURCE SUBJECT TO THE AIR TOXICS POLICY? yes
 OPTIONAL: WHAT IS THE CAPITAL COST OF CONTROL EQUIPMENT? \$

TOXIC AIR CONTAMINANTS

Ohio EPA's air toxics policy applies to contaminants for which the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has a listed threshold limit value.

AIR TOXICS MODELING PERFORMED*? X YES NO

IDENTIFY THE AIR CONTAMINANTS: quartz, talc, calcium carbonate