Application No. OH0070947

Issue Date: June 26, 2013

Effective Date: August 1, 2013

Expiration Date: July 31, 2018

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Authorization to Discharge Under the
National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

In compliance with the provisions of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251 et. seq., hereinafter referred to as the "Act"), and the Ohio Water Pollution Control Act (Ohio Revised Code Section 6111),

Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio

is authorized by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency, hereinafter referred to as "Ohio EPA," to discharge from the Franklin County Sanitary Landfill sedimentation ponds located at 3851 London-Groveport Road, Grove City, Ohio, Franklin County and discharging to unnamed tributaries to Grant Run in accordance with the conditions specified in Parts I, II, III, IV, V (in reserve), and VI of this permit.

This permit is conditioned upon payment of applicable fees as required by Section 3745.11 of the Ohio Revised Code.

This permit and the authorization to discharge shall expire at midnight on the expiration date shown above. In order to receive authorization to discharge beyond the above date of expiration, the permittee shall submit such information and forms as are required by the Ohio EPA no later than 180 days prior to the above date of expiration.

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Scott J. Nally
Director

Total Pages: 58

Part I, A. - FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit and modification lasting until the expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge in accordance with the following limitations and monitoring requirements from outfall 4IN00072003. See Part II, OTHER REQUIREMENTS, for locations of effluent sampling.

Table - Final Outfall - 003 - Final

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00010 - Water Temperature - C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly
00045 - Total Precipitation - Inches	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Day	24hr Total	All
00083 - Color, Severity - Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	Estimate	All
00095 - Specific Conductance at 25 Degrees C - Umho/cm	2400	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00310 - Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 Day - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00335 - Chemical Oxygen Demand (Low Level) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00400 - pH - S.U.	9.0	6.5	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00530 - Total Suspended Solids - mg/l	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00550 - Oil and Grease, Total - mg/l	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00610 - Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00665 - Phosphorus, Total (P) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00680 - Carbon, Total Organic (TOC) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00720 - Cyanide, Total - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00900 - Hardness, Total (CaCO3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00916 - Calcium, Total (Ca) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00940 - Chloride, Total - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00978 - Arsenic, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00980 - Iron, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00981 - Selenium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00998 - Beryllium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01074 - Nickel, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01094 - Zinc, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01113 - Cadmium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01114 - Lead, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01118 - Chromium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01119 - Copper, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01220 - Chromium, Dissolved Hexavalent - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01330 - Odor, Severity - Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	Estimate	All
01350 - Turbidity, Severity - Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	Estimate	All
34694 - Phenol - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
38260 - Methyl Blue Active Substances (MBAS) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
50050 - Flow Rate - MGD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	24hr Total	All
50092 - Mercury, Total (Low Level) - ng/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
70300 - Residue, Total Filterable - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All

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Notes for Station Number 4IN00072003:

- Color, Odor and Turbidity Monitoring - See Part II Item C
- Water Temperature shall be measured at the time of sample collection.
- Total Precipitation measurements shall be obtained from a rain gauge located at the facility.
- Sampling shall be performed when ponds are constructed and when discharging. If NO DISCHARGE OCCURS DURING THE ENTIRE MONTH, report "AL" in the first column of the first day of the month on the 4500 Form (Discharge Monitoring Report). A signature is still required.
-See Parts IV, V, and VI for Industrial Storm Water Requirements.

Part I, A. - FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit modification and lasting until the expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge in accordance with the following limitations and monitoring requirements from outfall 4IN00072004. See Part II, OTHER REQUIREMENTS, for locations of effluent sampling.

Table - Final Outfall - 004 - Final

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00010 - Water Temperature - C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly
00045 - Total Precipitation - Inches	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Day	24hr Total	All
00083 - Color, Severity - Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	Estimate	All
00095 - Specific Conductance at 25 Degrees C - Umho/cm	2400	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00310 - Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 Day - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00335 - Chemical Oxygen Demand (Low Level) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00400 - pH - S.U.	9.0	6.5	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00530 - Total Suspended Solids - mg/l	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00550 - Oil and Grease, Total - mg/l	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00610 - Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00665 - Phosphorus, Total (P) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00680 - Carbon, Total Organic (TOC) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00720 - Cyanide, Total - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00900 - Hardness, Total (CaCO3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00916 - Calcium, Total (Ca) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00940 - Chloride, Total - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00978 - Arsenic, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00980 - Iron, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00981 - Selenium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00998 - Beryllium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01074 - Nickel, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01094 - Zinc, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01113 - Cadmium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01114 - Lead, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01118 - Chromium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01119 - Copper, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01220 - Chromium, Dissolved Hexavalent - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01330 - Odor, Severity - Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	Estimate	All
01350 - Turbidity, Severity - Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	Estimate	All
34694 - Phenol - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
38260 - Methyl Blue Active Substances (MBAS) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
50050 - Flow Rate - MGD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	24hr Total	All
50092 - Mercury, Total (Low Level) - ng/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
70300 - Residue, Total Filterable - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All

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Notes for Station Number 4IN00072004:

- Color, Odor and Turbidity Monitoring - See Part II Item C
- Water Temperature shall be measured at the time of sample collection.
- Total Precipitation measurements shall be obtained from a rain gauge located at the facility.
- Sampling shall be performed when ponds are constructed and when discharging. If NO DISCHARGE OCCURS DURING THE ENTIRE MONTH, report "AL" in the first column of the first day of the month on the 4500 Form (Discharge Monitoring Report). A signature is still required.
-See Parts IV, V, and VI for Industrial Storm Water Requirements.

Part I, A. - FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit modification and lasting until the expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge in accordance with the following limitations and monitoring requirements from outfall 4IN00072005. See Part II, OTHER REQUIREMENTS, for locations of effluent sampling.

Table - Final Outfall - 005 - Final

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00010 - Water Temperature - C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly
00045 - Total Precipitation - Inches	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Day	24hr Total	All
00083 - Color, Severity - Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	Estimate	All
00095 - Specific Conductance at 25 Degrees C - Umho/cm	2400	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00310 - Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 Day - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00335 - Chemical Oxygen Demand (Low Level) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00400 - pH - S.U.	9.0	6.5	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00530 - Total Suspended Solids - mg/l	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00550 - Oil and Grease, Total - mg/l	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00610 - Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00665 - Phosphorus, Total (P) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00680 - Carbon, Total Organic (TOC) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00720 - Cyanide, Total - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00900 - Hardness, Total (CaCO3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00916 - Calcium, Total (Ca) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00940 - Chloride, Total - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00978 - Arsenic, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00980 - Iron, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00981 - Selenium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00998 - Beryllium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01074 - Nickel, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01094 - Zinc, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01113 - Cadmium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01114 - Lead, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01118 - Chromium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01119 - Copper, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01220 - Chromium, Dissolved Hexavalent - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01330 - Odor, Severity - Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	Estimate	All
01350 - Turbidity, Severity - Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	Estimate	All
34694 - Phenol - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
38260 - Methyl Blue Active Substances (MBAS) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
50050 - Flow Rate - MGD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	24hr Total	All
50092 - Mercury, Total (Low Level) - ng/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
70300 - Residue, Total Filterable - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All

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Notes for Station Number 4IN00072005:

- Color, Odor and Turbidity Monitoring - See Part II Item C
- Water Temperature shall be measured at the time of sample collection.
- Total Precipitation measurements shall be obtained from a rain gauge located at the facility.
- Sampling shall be performed when ponds are constructed and when discharging. If NO DISCHARGE OCCURS DURING THE ENTIRE MONTH, report "AL" in the first column of the first day of the month on the 4500 Form (Discharge Monitoring Report). A signature is still required.
-See Parts IV, V, and VI for Industrial Storm Water Requirements.

Part I, A. - FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit modification and lasting until the expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge in accordance with the following limitations and monitoring requirements from outfall 4IN00072006. See Part II, OTHER REQUIREMENTS, for locations of effluent sampling.

Table - Final Outfall - 006 - Final

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00010 - Water Temperature - C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly
00045 - Total Precipitation - Inches	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Day	24hr Total	All
00083 - Color, Severity - Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	Estimate	All
00095 - Specific Conductance at 25 Degrees C - Umho/cm	2400	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00310 - Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 Day - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00335 - Chemical Oxygen Demand (Low Level) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00400 - pH - S.U.	9.0	6.5	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00530 - Total Suspended Solids - mg/l	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00550 - Oil and Grease, Total - mg/l	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00610 - Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00665 - Phosphorus, Total (P) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00680 - Carbon, Total Organic (TOC) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00720 - Cyanide, Total - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00900 - Hardness, Total (CaCO3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00916 - Calcium, Total (Ca) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00940 - Chloride, Total - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00978 - Arsenic, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00980 - Iron, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00981 - Selenium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00998 - Beryllium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01074 - Nickel, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01094 - Zinc, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01113 - Cadmium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01114 - Lead, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01118 - Chromium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01119 - Copper, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01220 - Chromium, Dissolved Hexavalent - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01330 - Odor, Severity - Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	Estimate	All
01350 - Turbidity, Severity - Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	Estimate	All
34694 - Phenol - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
38260 - Methyl Blue Active Substances (MBAS) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
50050 - Flow Rate - MGD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	24hr Total	All
50092 - Mercury, Total (Low Level) - ng/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
70300 - Residue, Total Filterable - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All

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Notes for Station Number 4IN00072006:

- Color, Odor and Turbidity Monitoring - See Part II Item C
- Water Temperature shall be measured at the time of sample collection.
- Total Precipitation measurements shall be obtained from a rain gauge located at the facility.
- Sampling shall be performed when ponds are constructed and when discharging. If NO DISCHARGE OCCURS DURING THE ENTIRE MONTH, report "AL" in the first column of the first day of the month on the 4500 Form (Discharge Monitoring Report). A signature is still required.
-See Parts IV, V, and VI for Industrial Storm Water Requirements.

Part I, A. - FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit modification and lasting until the expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge in accordance with the following limitations and monitoring requirements from outfall 4IN00072007. See Part II, OTHER REQUIREMENTS, for locations of effluent sampling.

Table - Final Outfall - 007 - Final

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00010 - Water Temperature - C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Quarterly
00045 - Total Precipitation - Inches	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Day	24hr Total	All
00083 - Color, Severity - Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	Estimate	All
00095 - Specific Conductance at 25 Degrees C - Umho/cm	2400	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00310 - Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 Day - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00335 - Chemical Oxygen Demand (Low Level) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00400 - pH - S.U.	9.0	6.5	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00530 - Total Suspended Solids - mg/l	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00550 - Oil and Grease, Total - mg/l	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00610 - Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00665 - Phosphorus, Total (P) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00680 - Carbon, Total Organic (TOC) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00720 - Cyanide, Total - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00900 - Hardness, Total (CaCO3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00916 - Calcium, Total (Ca) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00940 - Chloride, Total - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00978 - Arsenic, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00980 - Iron, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00981 - Selenium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00998 - Beryllium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01074 - Nickel, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01094 - Zinc, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01113 - Cadmium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01114 - Lead, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01118 - Chromium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01119 - Copper, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01220 - Chromium, Dissolved Hexavalent - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01330 - Odor, Severity - Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	Estimate	All
01350 - Turbidity, Severity - Units	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	Estimate	All
34694 - Phenol - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
38260 - Methyl Blue Active Substances (MBAS) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
50050 - Flow Rate - MGD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Week	24hr Total	All
50092 - Mercury, Total (Low Level) - ng/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
70300 - Residue, Total Filterable - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All

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Notes for Station Number 4IN00072007:

- Color, Odor and Turbidity Monitoring - See Part II Item C
- Water Temperature shall be measured at the time of sample collection.
- Total Precipitation measurements shall be obtained from a rain gauge located at the facility.
- Sampling shall be performed when ponds are constructed and when discharging. If NO DISCHARGE OCCURS DURING THE ENTIRE MONTH, report "AL" in the first column of the first day of the month on the 4500 Form (Discharge Monitoring Report). A signature is still required.
-See Parts IV, V, and VI for Industrial Storm Water Requirements.

Part I, A. - FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit modification and lasting until the expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge in accordance with the following limitations and monitoring requirements from outfall 4IN00072603. See Part II, OTHER REQUIREMENTS, for locations of effluent sampling.

Table - Internal Monitoring Station - 603 - Final

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00310 - Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 Day - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00335 - Chemical Oxygen Demand (Low Level) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00400 - pH - S.U.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00530 - Total Suspended Solids - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00610 - Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All

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Notes for station 4IN00072603:

Sampling shall be performed when ponds are constructed and when discharging. If NO DISCHARGE OCCURS DURING THE ENTIRE MONTH, report "AL" in the first column of the first day of the month on the 4500 Form (Discharge Monitoring Report). A signature is still required.

Part I, A. - FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit modification and lasting until the expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge in accordance with the following limitations and monitoring requirements from outfall 4IN00072604. See Part II, OTHER REQUIREMENTS, for locations of effluent sampling.

Table - Internal Monitoring Station - 604 - Final

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00310 - Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 Day - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00335 - Chemical Oxygen Demand (Low Level) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00400 - pH - S.U.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00530 - Total Suspended Solids - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00610 - Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All

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Notes for station 4IN00072604:

Sampling shall be performed when ponds are constructed and when discharging. If NO DISCHARGE OCCURS DURING THE ENTIRE MONTH, report "AL" in the first column of the first day of the month on the 4500 Form (Discharge Monitoring Report). A signature is still required.

Part I, A. - FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit modification and lasting until the expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge in accordance with the following limitations and monitoring requirements from outfall 4IN00072605. See Part II, OTHER REQUIREMENTS, for locations of effluent sampling.

Table - Internal Monitoring Station - 605 - Final

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00310 - Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 Day - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00335 - Chemical Oxygen Demand (Low Level) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00400 - pH - S.U.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00530 - Total Suspended Solids - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00610 - Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All

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Notes for station 4IN00072605:

Sampling shall be performed when ponds are constructed and when discharging. If NO DISCHARGE OCCURS DURING THE ENTIRE MONTH, report "AL" in the first column of the first day of the month on the 4500 Form (Discharge Monitoring Report). A signature is still required.

Part I, A. - FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit modification and lasting until the expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge in accordance with the following limitations and monitoring requirements from outfall 4IN00072606. See Part II, OTHER REQUIREMENTS, for locations of effluent sampling.

Table - Internal Monitoring Station - 606 - Final

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00310 - Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 Day - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00335 - Chemical Oxygen Demand (Low Level) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00400 - pH - S.U.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00530 - Total Suspended Solids - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00610 - Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All

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Notes for station 4IN00072606:

Sampling shall be performed when ponds are constructed and when discharging. If NO DISCHARGE OCCURS DURING THE ENTIRE MONTH, report "AL" in the first column of the first day of the month on the 4500 Form (Discharge Monitoring Report). A signature is still required.

Part I, A. - FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit modification and lasting until the expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge in accordance with the following limitations and monitoring requirements from outfall 4IN00072607. See Part II, OTHER REQUIREMENTS, for locations of effluent sampling.

Table - Internal Monitoring Station - 607 - Final

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00310 - Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 Day - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00335 - Chemical Oxygen Demand (Low Level) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00400 - pH - S.U.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00530 - Total Suspended Solids - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All
00610 - Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/Month	Grab	All

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Notes for station 4IN00072607:

Sampling shall be performed when ponds are constructed and when discharging. If NO DISCHARGE OCCURS DURING THE ENTIRE MONTH, report "AL" in the first column of the first day of the month on the 4500 Form (Discharge Monitoring Report). A signature is still required.

Part I, B. - DOWNSTREAM-FARFIELD MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. Downstream-Farfield Monitoring. During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit and lasting until the expiration date, the permittee shall monitor the receiving stream, downstream of the point of discharge, at Station Number 4IN00072901, and report to the Ohio EPA in accordance with the following table. See Part II, OTHER REQUIREMENTS, for location of sampling.

Table - Downstream-Farfield Monitoring - 901 - Final

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00010 - Water Temperature - C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00095 - Specific Conductance at 25 Degrees C - Umho/cm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00310 - Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 Day - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00335 - Chemical Oxygen Demand (Low Level) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00400 - pH - S.U.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00530 - Total Suspended Solids - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00610 - Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00620 - Nitrogen, Nitrate (NO3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00680 - Carbon, Total Organic (TOC) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00940 - Chloride, Total - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00980 - Iron, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01034 - Chromium, Total (Cr) - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01074 - Nickel, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01092 - Zinc, Total (Zn) - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01113 - Cadmium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01114 - Lead, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual

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Notes for Station Number 4IN00072901:

Samples taken in compliance with monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken in Sampling Stations described in Part II. OTHER REQUIREMENTS.

Part I, B. - DOWNSTREAM-FARFIELD MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. Downstream-Farfield Monitoring. During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit and lasting until the expiration date, the permittee shall monitor the receiving stream, downstream of the point of discharge, at Station Number 4IN00072902, and report to the Ohio EPA in accordance with the following table. See Part II, OTHER REQUIREMENTS, for location of sampling.

Table - Downstream-Farfield Monitoring - 902 - Final

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitations							Monitoring Requirements		
	Concentration Specified Units				Loading* kg/day					
Parameter	Maximum	Minimum	Weekly	Monthly	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Measuring Frequency	Sampling Type	Monitoring Months
00010 - Water Temperature - C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00095 - Specific Conductance at 25 Degrees C - Umho/cm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00310 - Biochemical Oxygen Demand, 5 Day - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00335 - Chemical Oxygen Demand (Low Level) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00400 - pH - S.U.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00530 - Total Suspended Solids - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00610 - Nitrogen, Ammonia (NH3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00620 - Nitrogen, Nitrate (NO3) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00680 - Carbon, Total Organic (TOC) - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00940 - Chloride, Total - mg/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
00980 - Iron, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01034 - Chromium, Total (Cr) - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01074 - Nickel, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01092 - Zinc, Total (Zn) - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01113 - Cadmium, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual
01114 - Lead, Total Recoverable - ug/l	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/Year	Grab	Semi-annual

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Notes for Station Number 4IN00072902:

Samples taken in compliance with monitoring requirements specified above shall be taken in Sampling Stations described in Part II. OTHER REQUIREMENTS.

Part II, OTHER REQUIREMENTS

A. Description of the location of the required sampling stations are as follows:

Sampling Station	Description of Location
4IN00072003	Final outfall pipe for Sedimentation Pond No. 2
.	(Lat: 39 N 50' 30"; Long: 83 W 06 ' 27 ")
4IN00072004	Final outfall pipe for Sedimentation Pond No. 1
.	(Lat: 39 N 50 ' 02"; Long: 83 W 06 ' 09 ")
4IN00072005	Final outfall pipe for Sedimentation Pond No. 3
.	(Lat: 39 N 49 ' 22 "; Long: 83 W 06 ' 25 ")
4IN00072006	Final outfall pipe for Sedimentation Pond No. 4
.	(Lat: 39 N 50 ' 24 "; Long: 83 W 05 ' 51 ")
4IN00072007	Final outfall pipe for Sedimentation Pond No. 5
.	(Lat: 39 N 49 ' 56 "; Long: 83 W 06 ' 25")
4IN00072603	A representative sample for Sedimentation Pond No. 2 (outfall 003)
4IN00072604	A representative sample for Sedimentation Pond No. 1 (outfall 004)
4IN00072605	A representative sample for Sedimentation Pond No. 3 (outfall 005)
4IN00072606	A representative sample for Sedimentation Pond No. 4 (outfall 006)
4IN00072607	A representative sample for Sedimentation Pond No. 5 (outfall 007)
4IN00072901	A representative sample of the receiving stream, the unnamed
.	tributary to Grant Run at Seeds Road.
4IN00072902	A representative sample of the receiving stream, the unnamed
.	tributary to Grant Run at the southbound ramp to Interstate 71.

B. Final permit limitations based on preliminary or approved waste load allocations are subject to change based on modifications to or finalization of the allocation or report or changes to Water Quality Standards. Monitoring requirements and/or special conditions of this permit are subject to change based on regulatory or policy changes.

C. If Severity Units are required for Turbidity, Odor, or Color, use the following table to determine the value between 0 and 4 that is reported.

REPORTED VALUE*	SEVERITY DESCRIPTION	TURBIDITY	ODOR	COLOR
0	None	Clear	None	Colorless
1	Mild			
2	Moderate	Light Solids	Musty	Grey
3	Serious			
4	Extreme	Heavy Solids	Septic	Black

* Interpolate between the descriptive phrases.

D. No water in contact with the refuse in the active landfill cells shall enter any active sedimentation pond.

E. Sedimentation ponds shall be dredged when 50 percent full.

F. Grab samples shall be collected at such times and locations, and in such fashion, as to be representative of the facility's performance.

G. The discharge from active sedimentation ponds (Outfalls 4IN00072003, 4IN00072004, 4IN00072005, 4IN00072006 and 4IN00072007) shall be limited to surface runoff and groundwater drainage free from leachate, refuse, any visible debris, or other contaminants. If leachate is detected draining into any pond or draining from the site in such quantities that the Director or his authorized representative or the Health Commissioner believes, based on a review of the geologic, hydrologic, engineering and other factors, that a substantial threat of water pollution exists, the leachate shall be either diverted away from the ponds and properly contained and treated on the site or shall be collected and transported from the site for proper treatment and disposal. All necessary action shall be taken by the permittee to minimize, control or eliminate the conditions which contribute to the production of leachate. Leachate includes any water that contacts the refuse.

H. Organic Pollutant Monitoring

For the purpose of further characterizing the discharge for organic pollutants, the permittee shall perform on an annual basis a grab sample for volatile pollutants and a 24-hour composite sample for pesticide pollutants and acid/base neutrals for outfalls 4IN00072003, 4IN00072004, 4IN00072005, 4IN00072006, and 4IN00072007 when they become active. Sedimentation pond discharge samples shall be prepared and analyzed by GC/MS in accordance with U.S. EPA promulgated methods 624 and 625 (January 1987). In addition to the quantitative analysis for organic priority pollutants, a reasonable attempt shall be made to identify and quantify and additional substances indicated to be present in the GC/MS fractions by peaks on the reconstructed gas chromatograms (total ion plots) more than ten times higher than the adjacent peak-to-peak background noise.

Identification shall be referenced to the EPA/NIH computerized library of mass spectra, with visual confirmation by an experienced analyst. Quantification may be an order-of-magnitude estimate based upon comparison with an internal standard. GC/MS analysis results are to be reported to the Central District office within 30 days of receiving sampling results from the lab.

GC/MS analysis results, including copies of the GC strip charts and MS printouts, are to be submitted to the Ohio EPA Central District Office upon written request.
Upon selecting a laboratory to perform the GC/MS analytical work, the laboratory's quality control and quality assurance procedures must be reviewed by the permittee to ensure that the laboratory's quality control and quality assurance procedures meet the minimum requirements as described in the U.S. EPA promulgated methods. The permittee must request and receive copies of all the laboratory's written quality control and quality assurance records used to define the quality of the data generated. These records shall be available for review by representatives of the Ohio EPA. All records shall be kept for at least three years.

After review of the results of the organic pollutant program, Ohio EPA may propose effluent limitations for specific organic pollutants, or continue, or modify the monitoring program as appropriate.

I. It is understood by Ohio EPA that at the time permit 4IN00072*ID becomes effective, an analytical method is not approved under 40 CFR 136 to comply with the free cyanide monitoring requirements included in the permit. The permittee shall utilize method 4500-CN I in the 18th, 19th or 20th edition of Standard Methods.

J. The permittee shall use either EPA Method 1631 or EPA Method 245.7 promulgated under 40 CFR 136 to comply with the influent and effluent mercury monitoring requirements of this permit.

K. Outfall Signage

Not later than 4 months from the effective date of this permit, the permittee shall post a permanent marker on the shoreline at each outfall that is regulated under this NPDES permit where a marker does not currently exist. This includes final outfalls, bypasses, and combined sewer overflows. The marker shall consist at a minimum of the name of the establishment to which the permit was issued, the Ohio EPA permit number, and the outfall number and a contact telephone number. The information shall be printed in letters not less than two inches in height. The marker shall be a minimum of 2 feet by 2 feet and shall be a minimum of 3 feet above ground level. The sign shall not be obstructed such that persons in boats or persons swimming on the river or someone fishing or walking along the shore cannot read the sign. Vegetation shall be periodically removed to keep the sign visible. If the outfall is normally submerged the sign shall indicate that. If the outfall is a combined sewer outfall, the sign shall indicate that untreated human sewage may be discharged from the outfall during wet weather and that harmful bacteria may be present in the water. When an existing marker is replaced or reset, the new marker shall comply with the requirements of this section.

L. Monitoring Report Name Change

The name of the monitoring reports required for each effluent table contained in this permit has been changed from "Monthly Operating Report" (MOR) to "Discharge Monitoring Report" (DMR). The circumstances requiring the submittal of a DMR remain the same as those which were required for an MOR. Form 4500 must be used for DMR submittal.

M. Reporting

Monitoring data required by this permit may be submitted electronically using the online electronic data reporting system Electronic Discharge Monitoring Report (eDMR).

PART III - GENERAL CONDITIONS

1. DEFINITIONS

"Daily discharge" means the discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling. For pollutants with limitations expressed in units of mass, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the total mass of the pollutant discharged over the day. For pollutants with limitations expressed in other units of measurement, the "daily discharge" is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the day.

"Average weekly" discharge limitation means the highest allowable average of "daily discharges" over a calendar week, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharges" measured during a calendar week divided by the number of "daily discharges" measured during that week. Each of the following 7-day periods is defined as a calendar week: Week 1 is Days 1 - 7 of the month; Week 2 is Days 8 - 14; Week 3 is Days 15 - 21; and Week 4 is Days 22 - 28. If the "daily discharge" on days 29, 30 or 31 exceeds the "average weekly" discharge limitation, Ohio EPA may elect to evaluate the last 7 days of the month as Week 4 instead of Days 22 - 28. Compliance with fecal coliform bacteria or E coli bacteria limitations shall be determined using the geometric mean.

"Average monthly" discharge limitation means the highest allowable average of "daily discharges" over a calendar month, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharges" measured during a calendar month divided by the number of "daily discharges" measured during that month. Compliance with fecal coliform bacteria or E coli bacteria limitations shall be determined using the geometric mean.

"85 percent removal" means the arithmetic mean of the values for effluent samples collected in a period of 30 consecutive days shall not exceed 15 percent of the arithmetic mean of the values for influent samples collected at approximately the same times during the same period.

"Absolute Limitations" Compliance with limitations having descriptions of "shall not be less than," "nor greater than," "shall not exceed," "minimum," or "maximum" shall be determined from any single value for effluent samples and/or measurements collected.

"Net concentration" shall mean the difference between the concentration of a given substance in a sample taken of the discharge and the concentration of the same substances in a sample taken at the intake which supplies water to the given process. For the purpose of this definition, samples that are taken to determine the net concentration shall always be 24-hour composite samples made up of at least six increments taken at regular intervals throughout the plant day.

"Net Load" shall mean the difference between the load of a given substance as calculated from a sample taken of the discharge and the load of the same substance in a sample taken at the intake which supplies water to given process. For purposes of this definition, samples that are taken to determine the net loading shall always be 24-hour composite samples made up of at least six increments taken at regular intervals throughout the plant day.

"MGD" means million gallons per day.

"mg/l" means milligrams per liter.

"ug/l" means micrograms per liter.

"ng/l" means nanograms per liter.

"S.U." means standard pH unit.

"kg/day" means kilograms per day.

"Reporting Code" is a five digit number used by the Ohio EPA in processing reported data. The reporting code does not imply the type of analysis used nor the sampling techniques employed.

"Quarterly (1/Quarter) sampling frequency" means the sampling shall be done in the months of March, June, August, and December, unless specifically identified otherwise in the Effluent Limitations and Monitoring Requirements table.

"Yearly (1/Year) sampling frequency" means the sampling shall be done in the month of September, unless specifically identified otherwise in the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements table.

"Semi-annual (2/Year) sampling frequency" means the sampling shall be done during the months of June and December, unless specifically identified otherwise.

"Winter" shall be considered to be the period from November 1 through April 30.

"Bypass" means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of the treatment facility.

"Summer" shall be considered to be the period from May 1 through October 31.

"Severe property damage" means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which would cause them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.

"Upset" means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

"Sewage sludge" means a solid, semi-solid, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works as defined in section 6111.01 of the Revised Code. "Sewage sludge" includes, but is not limited to, scum or solids removed in primary, secondary, or advanced wastewater treatment processes. "Sewage sludge" does not include ash generated during the firing of sewage sludge in a sewage sludge incinerator, grit and screenings generated during preliminary treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works, animal manure, residue generated during treatment of animal manure, or domestic septage.

"Sewage sludge weight" means the weight of sewage sludge, in dry U.S. tons, including admixtures such as liming materials or bulking agents. Monitoring frequencies for sewage sludge parameters are based on the reported sludge weight generated in a calendar year (use the most recent calendar year data when the NPDES permit is up for renewal).

"Sewage sludge fee weight" means the weight of sewage sludge, in dry U.S. tons, excluding admixtures such as liming materials or bulking agents. Annual sewage sludge fees, as per section 3745.11(Y) of the Ohio Revised Code, are based on the reported sludge fee weight for the most recent calendar year.

2. GENERAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS

The effluent shall, at all times, be free of substances:

A. In amounts that will settle to form putrescent, or otherwise objectionable, sludge deposits; or that will adversely affect aquatic life or water fowl;

B. Of an oily, greasy, or surface-active nature, and of other floating debris, in amounts that will form noticeable accumulations of scum, foam or sheen;

C. In amounts that will alter the natural color or odor of the receiving water to such degree as to create a nuisance;

D. In amounts that either singly or in combination with other substances are toxic to human, animal, or aquatic life;

E. In amounts that are conducive to the growth of aquatic weeds or algae to the extent that such growths become inimical to more desirable forms of aquatic life, or create conditions that are unsightly, or constitute a nuisance in any other fashion;

F. In amounts that will impair designated instream or downstream water uses.

3. FACILITY OPERATION AND QUALITY CONTROL

All wastewater treatment works shall be operated in a manner consistent with the following:

A. At all times, the permittee shall maintain in good working order and operate as efficiently as possible all treatment or control facilities or systems installed or used by the permittee necessary to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes adequate laboratory controls and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by a permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with conditions of the permit.

B. The permittee shall effectively monitor the operation and efficiency of treatment and control facilities and the quantity and quality of the treated discharge.

C. Maintenance of wastewater treatment works that results in degradation of effluent quality shall be scheduled during non-critical water quality periods and shall be carried out in a manner approved by Ohio EPA as specified in the Paragraph in the PART III entitled, "UNAUTHORIZED DISCHARGES".

4. REPORTING

A. Monitoring data required by this permit shall be submitted monthly on Ohio EPA 4500 Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) forms using the electronic DMR (e-DMR) internet application. e-DMR allows permitted facilities to enter, sign, and submit DMRs on the internet. e-DMR information is found on the following web page:

http://www.epa.ohio.gov/dsw/edmr/eDMR.aspx

Alternatively, if you are unable to use e-DMR due to a demonstrated hardship, monitoring data may be submitted on paper DMR forms provided by Ohio EPA. Monitoring data shall be typed on the forms. Please contact Ohio EPA, Division of Surface Water at (614) 644-2050 if you wish to receive paper DMR forms.

B. DMRs shall be signed by a facility's Responsible Official or a Delegated Responsible Official (i.e. a person delegated by the Responsible Official). The Responsible Official of a facility is defined as:

1. For corporations - a president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision making functions for the corporation; or the manager of one or more manufacturing, production or operating facilities, provided the manager is authorized to make management decisions which govern the operation of the regulated facility including having explicit or implicit duty of making major capital investment recommendations, and initiating and directing other comprehensive measures to assure long-term environmental compliance with environmental laws and regulations; the manager can ensure that the necessary systems are established or actions taken to gather complete and accurate information for permit application requirements; and where authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures;

2. For partnerships - a general partner;

3. For a sole proprietorship - the proprietor; or,

4. For a municipality, state or other public facility - a principal executive officer, a ranking elected official or other duly authorized employee.

For e-DMR, the person signing and submitting the DMR will need to obtain an eBusiness Center account and Personal Identification Number (PIN). Additionally, Delegated Responsible Officials must be delegated by the Responsible Official, either on-line using the eBusiness Center's delegation function, or on a paper delegation form provided by Ohio EPA. For more information on the PIN and delegation processes, please view the following web page:

http://www.epa.ohio.gov/dsw/edmr/eDMRpin.aspx

C. DMRs submitted using e-DMR shall be submitted to Ohio EPA by the 20th day of the month following the month-of-interest. DMRs submitted on paper must include the original signed DMR form and shall be mailed to Ohio EPA at the following address so that they are received no later than the 15th day of the month following the month-of-interest:

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
Lazarus Government Center
Division of Surface Water - PCU
P.O. Box 1049
Columbus, Ohio 43216-1049

D. Regardless of the submission method, a paper copy of the submitted Ohio EPA 4500 DMR shall be maintained onsite for records retention purposes (see Section 7. RECORDS RETENTION). For e-DMR users, view and print the DMR from the Submission Report Information page after each original or revised DMR is submitted. For submittals on paper, make a copy of the completed paper form after it is signed by a Responsible Official or a Delegated Responsible Official.

E. If the permittee monitors any pollutant at the location(s) designated herein more frequently than required by this permit, using approved analytical methods as specified in Section 5. SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL METHODS, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the values required in the reports specified above.

F. Analyses of pollutants not required by this permit, except as noted in the preceding paragraph, shall not be reported to the Ohio EPA, but records shall be retained as specified in Section 7. RECORDS RETENTION.

5. SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL METHOD

Samples and measurements taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored flow. Test procedures for the analysis of pollutants shall conform to regulation 40 CFR 136, "Test Procedures For The Analysis of Pollutants" unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit. The permittee shall periodically calibrate and perform maintenance procedures on all monitoring and analytical instrumentation at intervals to insure accuracy of measurements.

6. RECORDING OF RESULTS

For each measurement or sample taken pursuant to the requirements of this permit, the permittee shall record the following information:

A. The exact place and date of sampling; (time of sampling not required on EPA 4500)

B. The person(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;

C. The date the analyses were performed on those samples;

D. The person(s) who performed the analyses;

E. The analytical techniques or methods used; and

F. The results of all analyses and measurements.

7. RECORDS RETENTION

The permittee shall retain all of the following records for the wastewater treatment works for a minimum of three years except those records that pertain to sewage sludge disposal, use, storage, or treatment, which shall be kept for a minimum of five years, including:

A. All sampling and analytical records (including internal sampling data not reported);

B. All original recordings for any continuous monitoring instrumentation;

C. All instrumentation, calibration and maintenance records;

D. All plant operation and maintenance records;

E. All reports required by this permit; and

F. Records of all data used to complete the application for this permit for a period of at least three years, or five years for sewage sludge, from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application.

These periods will be extended during the course of any unresolved litigation, or when requested by the Regional Administrator or the Ohio EPA. The three year period, or five year period for sewage sludge, for retention of records shall start from the date of sample, measurement, report, or application.

8. AVAILABILITY OF REPORTS

Except for data determined by the Ohio EPA to be entitled to confidential status, all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this permit shall be available for public inspection at the appropriate district offices of the Ohio EPA. Both the Clean Water Act and Section 6111.05 Ohio Revised Code state that effluent data and receiving water quality data shall not be considered confidential.

9. DUTY TO PROVIDE INFORMATION

The permittee shall furnish to the Director, within a reasonable time, any information which the Director may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking, and reissuing, or terminating the permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Director, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

10. RIGHT OF ENTRY

The permittee shall allow the Director or an authorized representative upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law to:

A. Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit.

B. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of the permit.

C. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit.

D. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Clean Water Act, any substances or parameters at any location.

11. UNAUTHORIZED DISCHARGES

A. Bypass Not Exceeding Limitations - The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of paragraphs 11.B and 11.C.

B. Notice

1. Anticipated Bypass - If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice, if possible at least ten days before the date of the bypass.

2. Unanticipated Bypass - The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in paragraph 12.B (24 hour notice).

C. Prohibition of Bypass

1. Bypass is prohibited, and the Director may take enforcement action against a permittee for bypass, unless:

a. Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;

b. There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and

c. The permittee submitted notices as required under paragraph 11.B.

2. The Director may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Director determines that it will meet the three conditions listed above in paragraph 11.C.1.

12. NONCOMPLIANCE NOTIFICATION

A. Exceedance of a Daily Maximum Discharge Limit

1. The permittee shall report noncompliance that is the result of any violation of a daily maximum discharge limit for any of the pollutants listed by the Director in the permit by e-mail or telephone within twenty-four (24) hours of discovery.

The permittee may report to the appropriate Ohio EPA district office e-mail account as follows (this method is preferred):

Southeast District Office: sedo24hournpdes@epa.state.oh.us
Southwest District Office: swdo24hournpdes@epa.state.oh.us
Northwest District Office: nwdo24hournpdes@epa.state.oh.us
Northeast District Office: nedo24hournpdes@epa.state.oh.us
Central District Office: cdo24hournpdes@epa.state.oh.us
Central Office: co24hournpdes@epa.state.oh.us

The permittee shall attach a noncompliance report to the e-mail. A noncompliance report form is available on the following web site:

http://www.epa.ohio.gov/dsw/permits/permits.aspx

Or, the permittee may report to the appropriate Ohio EPA district office by telephone toll-free between 8:00 AM and 5:00 PM as follows:

Southeast District Office: (800) 686-7330
Southwest District Office: (800) 686-8930
Northwest District Office: (800) 686-6930
Northeast District Office: (800) 686-6330
Central District Office: (800) 686-2330
Central Office: (614) 644-2001

The permittee shall include the following information in the telephone noncompliance report:

a. The name of the permittee, and a contact name and telephone number;

b. The limit(s) that has been exceeded;

c. The extent of the exceedance(s);

d. The cause of the exceedance(s);

e. The period of the exceedance(s) including exact dates and times;

f. If uncorrected, the anticipated time the exceedance(s) is expected to continue; and,

g. Steps taken to reduce, eliminate or prevent occurrence of the exceedance(s).

B. Other Permit Violations

1. The permittee shall report noncompliance that is the result of any unanticipated bypass resulting in an exceedance of any effluent limit in the permit or any upset resulting in an exceedance of any effluent limit in the permit by e-mail or telephone within twenty-four (24) hours of discovery.

The permittee may report to the appropriate Ohio EPA district office e-mail account as follows (this method is preferred):

Southeast District Office: sedo24hournpdes@epa.state.oh.us
Southwest District Office: swdo24hournpdes@epa.state.oh.us
Northwest District Office: nwdo24hournpdes@epa.state.oh.us
Northeast District Office: nedo24hournpdes@epa.state.oh.us
Central District Office: cdo24hournpdes@epa.state.oh.us
Central Office: co24hournpdes@epa.state.oh.us

The permittee shall attach a noncompliance report to the e-mail. A noncompliance report form is available on the following web site:

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Southwest District Office: (800) 686-8930
Northwest District Office: (800) 686-6930
Northeast District Office: (800) 686-6330
Central District Office: (800) 686-2330
Central Office: (614) 644-2001

The permittee shall include the following information in the telephone noncompliance report:

a. The name of the permittee, and a contact name and telephone number;

b. The time(s) at which the discharge occurred, and was discovered;

c. The approximate amount and the characteristics of the discharge;

d. The stream(s) affected by the discharge;

e. The circumstances which created the discharge;

f. The name and telephone number of the person(s) who have knowledge of these circumstances;

g. What remedial steps are being taken; and,

h. The name and telephone number of the person(s) responsible for such remedial steps.

2. The permittee shall report noncompliance that is the result of any spill or discharge which may endanger human health or the environment within thirty (30) minutes of discovery by calling the 24-Hour Emergency Hotline toll-free at (800) 282-9378. The permittee shall also report the spill or discharge by e-mail or telephone within twenty-four (24) hours of discovery in accordance with B.1 above.

C. When the telephone option is used for the noncompliance reports required by A and B, the permittee shall submit to the appropriate Ohio EPA district office a confirmation letter and a completed noncompliance report within five (5) days of the discovery of the noncompliance. This follow up report is not necessary for the e-mail option which already includes a completed noncompliance report.

D. If the permittee is unable to meet any date for achieving an event, as specified in a schedule of compliance in their permit, the permittee shall submit a written report to the appropriate Ohio EPA district office within fourteen (14) days of becoming aware of such a situation. The report shall include the following:

1. The compliance event which has been or will be violated;

2. The cause of the violation;

3. The remedial action being taken;

4. The probable date by which compliance will occur; and,

5. The probability of complying with subsequent and final events as scheduled.

E. The permittee shall report all other instances of permit noncompliance not reported under paragraphs A or B of this section on their monthly DMR submission. The DMR shall contain comments that include the information listed in paragraphs A or B as appropriate.

F. If the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit an application, or submitted incorrect information in an application or in any report to the director, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.

13. RESERVED

14. DUTY TO MITIGATE

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.

15. AUTHORIZED DISCHARGES

All discharges authorized herein shall be consistent with the terms and conditions of this permit. The discharge of any pollutant identified in this permit more frequently than, or at a level in excess of, that authorized by this permit shall constitute a violation of the terms and conditions of this permit. Such violations may result in the imposition of civil and/or criminal penalties as provided for in Section 309 of the Act and Ohio Revised Code Sections 6111.09 and 6111.99.

16. DISCHARGE CHANGES

The following changes must be reported to the appropriate Ohio EPA district office as soon as practicable:

A. For all treatment works, any significant change in character of the discharge which the permittee knows or has reason to believe has occurred or will occur which would constitute cause for modification or revocation and reissuance. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Director of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements. Notification of permit changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

B. For publicly owned treatment works:

1. Any proposed plant modification, addition, and/or expansion that will change the capacity or efficiency of the plant;

2. The addition of any new significant industrial discharge; and

3. Changes in the quantity or quality of the wastes from existing tributary industrial discharges which will result in significant new or increased discharges of pollutants.

C. For non-publicly owned treatment works, any proposed facility expansions, production increases, or process modifications, which will result in new, different, or increased discharges of pollutants.

Following this notice, modifications to the permit may be made to reflect any necessary changes in permit conditions, including any necessary effluent limitations for any pollutants not identified and limited herein. A determination will also be made as to whether a National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) review will be required. Sections 6111.44 and 6111.45, Ohio Revised Code, require that plans for treatment works or improvements to such works be approved by the Director of the Ohio EPA prior to initiation of construction.

D. In addition to the reporting requirements under 40 CFR 122.41(l) and per 40 CFR 122.42(a), all existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silvicultural dischargers must notify the Director as soon as they know or have reason to believe:

1. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge on a routine or frequent basis of any toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit. If that discharge will exceed the highest of the "notification levels" specified in 40 CFR Sections 122.42(a)(1)(i) through 122.42(a)(1)(iv).

2. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a non-routine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the "notification levels" specified in 122.42(a)(2)(i) through 122.42(a)(2)(iv).

17. TOXIC POLLUTANTS

The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307 (a) of the Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement. Following establishment of such standards or prohibitions, the Director shall modify this permit and so notify the permittee.

18. PERMIT MODIFICATION OR REVOCATION

A. After notice and opportunity for a hearing, this permit may be modified or revoked, by the Ohio EPA, in whole or in part during its term for cause including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Violation of any terms or conditions of this permit;

2. Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts; or

3. Change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the permitted discharge.

B. Pursuant to rule 3745-33-04, Ohio Administrative Code, the permittee may at any time apply to the Ohio EPA for modification of any part of this permit. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification or revocation does not stay any permit condition. The application for modification should be received by the appropriate Ohio EPA district office at least ninety days before the date on which it is desired that the modification become effective. The application shall be made only on forms approved by the Ohio EPA.

19. TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL

This permit may be transferred or assigned and a new owner or successor can be authorized to discharge from this facility, provided the following requirements are met:

A. The permittee shall notify the succeeding owner or successor of the existence of this permit by a letter, a copy of which shall be forwarded to the appropriate Ohio EPA district office. The copy of that letter will serve as the permittee's notice to the Director of the proposed transfer. The copy of that letter shall be received by the appropriate Ohio EPA district office sixty (60) days prior to the proposed date of transfer;

B. A written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility and coverage between the current and new permittee (including acknowledgement that the existing permittee is liable for violations up to that date, and that the new permittee is liable for violations from that date on) shall be submitted to the appropriate Ohio EPA district office within sixty days after receipt by the district office of the copy of the letter from the permittee to the succeeding owner;

At anytime during the sixty (60) day period between notification of the proposed transfer and the effective date of the transfer, the Director may prevent the transfer if he concludes that such transfer will jeopardize compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit. If the Director does not prevent transfer, he will modify the permit to reflect the new owner.

20. OIL AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE LIABILITY

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act.

21. SOLIDS DISPOSAL

Collected grit and screenings, and other solids other than sewage sludge, shall be disposed of in such a manner as to prevent entry of those wastes into waters of the state, and in accordance with all applicable laws and rules.

22. CONSTRUCTION AFFECTING NAVIGABLE WATERS

This permit does not authorize or approve the construction of any onshore or offshore physical structures or facilities or the undertaking of any work in any navigable waters.

23. CIVIL AND CRIMINAL LIABILITY

Except as exempted in the permit conditions on UNAUTHORIZED DISCHARGES or UPSETS, nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee from civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance.

24. STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties established pursuant to any applicable state law or regulation under authority preserved by Section 510 of the Clean Water Act.

25. PROPERTY RIGHTS

The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights in either real or personal property, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of federal, state, or local laws or regulations.

26. UPSET

The provisions of 40 CFR Section 122.41(n), relating to "Upset," are specifically incorporated herein by reference in their entirety. For definition of "upset," see Part III, Paragraph 1, DEFINITIONS.

27. SEVERABILITY

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

28. SIGNATORY REQUIREMENTS

All applications submitted to the Director shall be signed and certified in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR 122.22.

All reports submitted to the Director shall be signed and certified in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Section 122.22.

29. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Director, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.

B. ORC 6111.99 provides that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than $25,000 per violation.

C. ORC 6111.99 states that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than $25,000 per violation.

D. ORC 6111.99 provides that any person who violates Sections 6111.04, 6111.042, 6111.05, or division (A) of Section 6111.07 of the Revised Code shall be fined not more than $25,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

30. NEED TO HALT OR REDUCE ACTIVITY

40 CFR 122.41(c) states that it shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with conditions of this permit.

31. APPLICABLE FEDERAL RULES

All references to 40 CFR in this permit mean the version of 40 CFR which is effective as of the effective date of this permit.

32. AVAILABILITY OF PUBLIC SEWERS

Not withstanding the issuance or non-issuance of an NPDES permit to a semi-public disposal system, whenever the sewage system of a publicly owned treatment works becomes available and accessible, the permittee operating any semi-public disposal system shall abandon the semi-public disposal system and connect it into the publicly owned treatment works.

Part IV. Storm Water Control Measures and Pollution Prevention Programs

In Part IV.A and in Part VI, the term "minimize" means reduce and/or eliminate to the extent achievable using control measures (including best management practices) that are technologically available and economically practicable and achievable in light of best industry practice.

A. Control Measures.

You shall select, design, install, and implement control measures (including best management practices) to address the selection and design considerations in Part IV.B, and meet the control measures/best management practices in Part IV.C and any applicable numeric effluent limits in Part I. The selection, design, installation, and implementation of these control measures shall be in accordance with good engineering practices and manufacturer's specifications. Note that you may deviate from such manufacturer's specifications where you provide justification for such deviation and include documentation of your rationale in the part of your SWPPP that describes your control measures, consistent with Part IV.J.3. If you find that your control measures are not achieving their intended effect of minimizing pollutant discharges, you shall modify these control measures as expeditiously as practicable. Regulated storm water discharges from your facility include storm water run-on that commingles with storm water discharges associated with industrial activity at your facility.

B. Control Measure Selection and Design Considerations.

You shall consider the following when selecting and designing control measures:

1. Preventing storm water from coming into contact with polluting materials is generally more effective, and less costly, than trying to remove pollutants from storm water;
2. Using control measures in combination is more effective than using control measures in isolation for minimizing pollutants in your storm water discharge;
3. Assessing the type and quantity of pollutants, including their potential to impact receiving water quality, is critical to designing effective control measures that will achieve the limits in this permit;
4. Minimizing impervious areas at your facility and infiltrating runoff onsite (including bioretention cells, green roofs, and pervious pavement, among other approaches) can reduce runoff and improve groundwater recharge and stream base flows in local streams, although care shall be taken to avoid ground water contamination;
5. Attenuating flow using open vegetated swales and natural depressions can reduce in-stream impacts of erosive flows;
6. Conserving and/or restoring of riparian buffers will help protect streams from storm water runoff and improve water quality; and
7. Using treatment interceptors (e.g., swirl separators and sand filters) may be appropriate in some instances to minimize the discharge of pollutants.

C. Control Measures/Best Management Practices (BMPs)

1. Minimize Exposure. You shall minimize the exposure of manufacturing, processing, and material storage areas (including loading and unloading, storage, disposal, cleaning, maintenance, and fueling operations) to rain, snow, snowmelt, and runoff by either locating these industrial materials and activities inside or protecting them with storm resistant coverings (although significant enlargement of impervious surface area is not recommended). In minimizing exposure, you should pay particular attention to the following:
    a. Use grading, berming, or curbing to prevent runoff of contaminated flows and divert run-on away from these areas;
    b. Locate materials, equipment, and activities so that leaks are contained in existing containment and diversion systems (confine the storage of leaky or leak-prone vehicles and equipment awaiting maintenance to protected areas);
    c. Clean up spills and leaks promptly using dry methods (e.g., absorbents) to prevent the discharge of pollutants;
    d. Use drip pans and absorbents under or around leaky vehicles and equipment or store indoors where feasible;
    e. Use spill/overflow protection equipment;
    f. Drain fluids from equipment and vehicles prior to on-site storage or disposal;
    g. Perform all cleaning operations indoors, under cover, or in bermed areas that prevent runoff and run-on and also that capture any overspray; and
    h. Ensure that all washwater drains to a proper collection system (i.e., not the storm water drainage system).

2. Good Housekeeping. You shall keep clean all exposed areas that are potential sources of pollutants, using such measures as sweeping at regular intervals, keeping materials orderly and labeled, and storing materials in appropriate containers.

3. Maintenance. You shall regularly inspect, test, maintain, and repair all industrial equipment and systems to avoid situations that may result in leaks, spills, and other releases of pollutants in storm water discharged to receiving waters. You shall maintain all control measures that are used to achieve the control measures/best management practices (BMPs) required by this permit in effective operating condition. Nonstructural control measures shall also be diligently maintained (e.g., spill response supplies available, personnel appropriately trained). If you find that your control measures need to be replaced or repaired, you shall make the necessary repairs or modifications as expeditiously as practicable.

4. Spill Prevention and Response Procedures. You shall minimize the potential for leaks, spills and other releases that may be exposed to storm water and develop plans for effective response to such spills if or when they occur. At a minimum, you shall implement:
    a. Procedures for plainly labeling containers (e.g., “Used Oil,” “Spent Solvents,” “Fertilizers and Pesticides,” etc.) that could be susceptible to spillage or leakage to encourage proper handling and facilitate rapid response if spills or leaks occur;

b. Preventative measures such as barriers between material storage and traffic areas, secondary containment provisions, and procedures for material storage and handling;
c. Procedures for expeditiously stopping, containing, and cleaning up leaks, spills, and other releases. Employees who may cause, detect, or respond to a spill or leak shall be trained in these procedures and have necessary spill response equipment available. If possible, one of these individuals should be a member of your storm water pollution prevention team (Part V.D.1); and
d. Where a leak, spill or other release containing a hazardous substance or oil in an amount equal to or in excess of a reportable quantity established under either 40 CFR Part 110, 40 CFR Part 117, or 40 CFR Part 302, occurs during a 24-hour period, you shall notify the Ohio EPA in accordance with the requirements of Part III Item 12 of this permit.

5. Erosion and Sediment Controls. You shall stabilize exposed areas and contain runoff using structural and/or non-structural control measures to minimize onsite erosion and sedimentation, and the resulting discharge of pollutants. Among other actions you shall take to meet this limit, you shall place flow velocity dissipation devices at discharge locations and within outfall channels where necessary to reduce erosion and/or settle out pollutants. In selecting, designing, installing, and implementing appropriate control measures, you are encouraged to consult with the Ohio Department of Natural Resources (ODNR) Division of Soil and Water Conservation's Rainwater and Land Development manual (http://www.dnr.state.oh.us/tabid/9186/Default.aspx), U.S. EPA's internet-based resources relating to BMPs for erosion and sedimentation, including the sector-specific *Industrial Storm Water Fact Sheet Series*, (www.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater/msgp), *National Menu of Storm Water BMPs* (www.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater/menuofbmps), and *National Management Measures to Control Nonpoint Source Pollution from Urban Areas* (www.epa.gov/owow/nps/urbanmm/index.html).

6. Management of Runoff. You shall divert, infiltrate, reuse, contain, or otherwise reduce storm water runoff, to minimize pollutants in your discharges. In selecting, designing, installing, and implementing appropriate control measures, you are encouraged to consult with the Ohio Department of Natural Resources (ODNR) Division of Soil and Water Conservation's Rainwater and Land Development manual (http://www.dnr.state.oh.us/tabid/9186/Default.aspx), U.S. EPA's internet-based resources relating to runoff management, including the sector-specific *Industrial Storm Water Fact Sheet Series*, (www.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater/msgp), *National Menu of Storm Water BMPs* (www.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater/menuofbmps), and *National Management Measures to Control Nonpoint Source Pollution from Urban Areas* (www.epa.gov/owow/nps/urbanmm/index.html).

7. Salt Storage Piles or Piles Containing Salt. You shall enclose or cover storage piles of salt, or piles containing salt, used for deicing or other commercial or industrial purposes, including maintenance of paved surfaces. You shall implement appropriate measures (e.g., good housekeeping, diversions, containment) to minimize exposure resulting from adding to or removing materials from the pile.

8. Sector Specific Control Measures/Best Management Practices (BMPs). You shall achieve any additional control measures/best management practices (BMPs) stipulated in the relevant sector-specific section(s) of Part IV.K. of this permit.

9. Employee Training. You shall train all employees who work in areas where industrial materials or activities are exposed to storm water, or who are responsible for implementing activities necessary to meet the conditions of this permit (e.g., inspectors, maintenance personnel), including all members of your Pollution Prevention Team. Training shall cover both the specific control measures used to achieve the conditions in this Part, and monitoring, inspection, planning, reporting, and documentation requirements in other parts of this permit. Ohio EPA requires that training be conducted at least annually (or more often if employee turnover is high).

10. Non-Storm Water Discharges. You shall eliminate non-storm water discharges not authorized by an NPDES permit. The following are the non-storm water discharges authorized under this permit:
    a. Discharges from fire-fighting activities (not planned excercises);
    b. Fire hydrant flushings;
    c. Potable water, including water line flushings;
    d. Uncontaminated condensate from air conditioners, coolers, and other compressors and from the outside storage of refrigerated gases or liquids;
    e. Irrigation drainage;
    f. Landscape watering provided all pesticides, herbicides; and fertilizer have been applied in accordance with the approved labeling;
    g. Pavement wash waters where no detergents are used and no spills or leaks of toxic or hazardous materials have occurred (unless all spilled material has been removed);
    h. Routine external building washdown that does not use detergents;
    i. Uncontaminated ground water or spring water;
    j. Foundation or footing drains where flows are not contaminated with process materials; and
    k. Incidental windblown mist from cooling towers that collects on rooftops or adjacent portions of your facility, but not intentional discharges from the cooling tower (e.g., “piped” cooling tower blowdown or drains).

11. Waste, Garbage and Floatable Debris. You shall ensure that waste, garbage, and floatable debris are not discharged to receiving waters by keeping exposed areas free of such materials or by intercepting them before they are discharged.

12. Dust Generation and Vehicle Tracking of Industrial Materials. You shall minimize generation of dust and off-site tracking of raw, final, or waste materials.

D. Corrective Actions

1. Conditions Requiring Review and Revision to Eliminate Problem. If any of the following conditions occur, you shall review and revise the selection, design, installation, and implementation of your control measures to ensure that the condition is eliminated and will not be repeated in the future:
    a. An unauthorized release or discharge (e.g., spill, leak, or discharge of non-storm water not authorized by this or another NPDES permit) occurs at your facility;
    b. A discharge violates a numeric effluent limit;

c. You become aware, or Ohio EPA determines, that your control measures are not stringent enough for the discharge to meet applicable water quality standards;
d. An inspection or evaluation of your facility by an Ohio EPA official or local MS4 operator determines that modifications to the control measures are necessary to meet the control measures/best management practices (BMPs) in this permit; or
e. You find in your routine facility inspection, quarterly visual assessment, or comprehensive site inspection that your control measures are not being properly operated and maintained.

2. Conditions Requiring Review to Determine if Modifications Are Necessary. If any of the following conditions occur, you shall review the selection, design, installation, and implementation of your control measures to determine if modifications are necessary to meet the Part IV.A conditions in this permit:
   a. Construction or a change in design, operation, or maintenance at your facility significantly changes the nature of pollutants discharged in storm water from your facility, or significantly increases the quantity of pollutants discharged; or
   b. Sampling results exceeds an applicable benchmark.

3. Corrective Action Deadlines. You shall document your discovery of any of the conditions listed in Part IV.D.1 and Part IV.D.2 within 24 hours of making such discovery. Subsequently, within 30 days of such discovery, you shall document any corrective action(s) to be taken to eliminate or further investigate the deficiency, or if no corrective action is needed, the basis for that determination. Specific documentation required within 24 hours and 30 days is detailed in Part IV.D.4. If you determine that changes are necessary following your review, any modifications to your control measures shall be made before the next storm event if possible, or as soon as practicable following that storm event. These time intervals are not grace periods, but are schedules considered reasonable for documenting your findings and for making repairs and improvements. They are included in this permit to ensure that the conditions prompting the need for these repairs and improvements are not allowed to persist indefinitely.

4. Corrective Action Report. Within 24 hours of discovery of any condition listed in Part IV.D.1 and Part IV.D.2, you shall document the following information (i.e., questions 3-5 of the Corrective Actions section in the Annual Reporting Form, available at http://www.epa.state.oh.us/portals/35/permits/IndustrialStormWater_Final_GP_AppI_dec11.pdf):
   - Identification of the condition triggering the need for corrective action review;
   - Description of the problem identified; and
   - Date the problem was identified.

   Within 30 days of discovery of any condition listed in Part IV.D.1 and Part IV.D.2, you shall document the following information (i.e., questions 7-11 of the Corrective Actions section in the Annual Reporting Form):
   - Summary of corrective action taken or to be taken (or, for triggering events identified in Part IV.D.2 where you determine that corrective action is not necessary, the basis for this determination);
   - Notice of whether SWPPP modifications are required as a result of this discovery or corrective action;

- Date corrective action initiated; and
- Date corrective action completed or expected to be completed.

You shall include this documentation in an annual report as required in Part V. B..2 and retain onsite with your SWPPP.

5. Effect of Corrective Action. If the event triggering the review is a permit violation (e.g., non-compliance with an effluent limit), correcting it does not remove the original violation. Additionally, failing to take corrective action in accordance with this section is an additional permit violation. Ohio EPA will consider the appropriateness and promptness of corrective action in determining enforcement responses to permit violations.

6. Substantially Identical Outfalls. If the event triggering corrective action is linked to an outfall that represents other substantially identical outfalls, your review shall assess the need for corrective action for each outfall represented by the outfall that triggered the review. Any necessary changes to control measures that affect these other outfalls shall also be made before the next storm event if possible, or as soon as practicable following that storm event.

E. Inspections

Beginning on the effective date of this permit, you shall conduct the inspections in Part IV.E.1, Part IV.E.2, and Part IV.E.3 at your facility.

1. Routine Facility Inspections. Conduct routine facility inspections of all areas of the facility where industrial materials or activities are exposed to storm water, and of all storm water control measures used to comply with Part IV. Items A-C conditions contained in this permit. Routine facility inspections shall be conducted at least quarterly (i.e., once each calendar quarter) although in many instances, more frequent inspection (e.g., monthly) may be appropriate for some types of equipment, processes, and control measures or areas of the facility with significant activities and materials exposed to storm water. Perform these inspections during periods when the facility is in operation. You shall specify the relevant inspection schedules in your SWPPP document as required in Part IV. Items A-C. These routine inspections shall be performed by qualified personnel (for definition see VI - Definitions) with at least one member of your storm water pollution prevention team participating. At least once each calendar year, the routine facility inspection shall be conducted during a period when a storm water discharge is occurring.

   You shall document the findings of each routine facility inspection performed and maintain this documentation onsite with your SWPPP. You are not required to submit your routine facility inspection findings to Ohio EPA, unless specifically requested to do so. At a minimum, your documentation of each routine facility inspection shall include:

   a. The inspection date and time;
   b. The name(s) and signature(s) of the inspector(s);
   c. Weather information and a description of any discharges occurring at the time of the inspection;
   d. Any previously unidentified discharges of pollutants from the site;

e. Any control measures needing maintenance or repairs;
f. Any failed control measures that need replacement;
g. Any incidents of noncompliance observed; and
h. Any additional control measures needed to comply with the permit requirements.

Any corrective action required as a result of a routine facility inspection shall be performed consistent with Part IV.D of this permit.

2. RESERVED

3. Comprehensive Site Inspections. You shall conduct annual comprehensive site inspections while you are covered under this permit. The annual period to conduct the comprehensive site inspections begins on the date Ohio EPA has granted your authorization to discharge under this permit. Should your coverage be administratively continued after the expiration date of this permit, you shall continue to perform these inspections annually until you are no longer covered. Comprehensive site inspections shall be conducted by qualified personnel with at least one member of your storm water pollution prevention team participating in the comprehensive site inspections. Your comprehensive site inspections shall cover all areas of the facility affected by the requirements in this permit, including the areas identified in the SWPPP as potential pollutant sources (see Part IV.J..2) where industrial materials or activities are exposed to storm water, any areas where control measures are used to comply with the conditions in Part IV. Items A-C, and areas where spills and leaks have occurred in the past 3 years. The inspections shall also include a review of monitoring data collected in accordance with Part V. A. Inspectors shall consider the results of the past year's visual and analytical monitoring when planning and conducting inspections. Inspectors shall examine the following:

- Industrial materials, residue, or trash that may have or could come into contact with storm water;
- Leaks or spills from industrial equipment, drums, tanks, and other containers;
- Offsite tracking of industrial or waste materials, or sediment where vehicles enter or exit the site;
- Tracking or blowing of raw, final, or waste materials from areas of no exposure to exposed areas; and
- Control measures needing replacement, maintenance, or repair.

Storm water control measures required by this permit shall be observed to ensure that they are functioning correctly. If discharge locations are inaccessible, nearby downstream locations shall be inspected. Your annual comprehensive site inspection may also be used as one of the routine inspections, as long as all components of both types of inspections are included.

You shall document the findings of each comprehensive site inspection and maintain this documentation onsite with your SWPPP. In addition, you shall include this documentation in an annual report as required in Part V.B.2. At a minimum, your documentation of the comprehensive site inspection shall include (see the Annual Reporting Form at http://www.epa.state.oh.us/portals/35/permits/IndustrialStormWater_Final_GP_AppI_dec11.pdf):

- The date of the inspection;
- The name(s) and title(s) of the personnel making the inspection;

- Findings from the examination of areas of your facility identified in Part IV.E.3;
- All observations relating to the implementation of your control measures including:
    - Previously unidentified discharges from the site;
    - Previously unidentified pollutants in existing discharges;
    - Evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the drainage system;
    - Evidence of pollutants discharging to receiving waters at all facility outfall(s), and the condition of and around the outfall, including flow dissipation measures to prevent scouring, and
    - Additional control measures needed to address any conditions requiring corrective action identified during the inspection.
- Any required revisions to the SWPPP resulting from the inspection;
- Any incidents of noncompliance observed or a certification stating the facility is in compliance with this permit (if there is no noncompliance); and
- A statement signed and certified in accordance with Part III.28 of the permit.

Any corrective action required as a result of the comprehensive site inspection shall be performed consistent with Part IV.D of this permit.

F. Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)

A storm water pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) shall be developed to address each outfall that discharges to waters of the state that contains storm water associated with industrial activity. Storm water pollution prevention plans shall be prepared in accordance with good engineering practices. The SWPPP shall identify potential sources of pollution which may reasonably be expected to affect the quality of storm water discharges associated with industrial activity from the facility. The SWPPP shall describe and ensure the implementation of practices which are to be used to reduce the pollutants in storm water discharges associated with industrial activity at the facility and to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. Facilities must implement the provisions of the storm water pollution prevention plan required under this part as a condition of this permit.

The SWPPP does not contain effluent limitations; the limitations are contained in Parts I and IV Items A-C of this permit. The SWPPP is intended to document the selection, design, and installation of control measures. As distinct from the SWPPP, the documentation requirements are intended to document the implementation (including inspection, maintenance, monitoring, and corrective action) of the permit requirements.

G. Deadlines for SWPPP Preparation and Compliance.

1. The plan for a storm water discharge associated with industrial activity:

    a. Shall be prepared within six months of the effective date of this permit (and updated based on facility or materials handling changes as specified in Part IV, Item I);

b. Shall provide for implementation and compliance with the terms of the plan within twelve months of the effective date of this permit.

2. Upon showing of good cause, the Director may establish a later date for preparing and compliance with a plan for a storm water discharge associated with industrial activity.

H. Signature and Plan Review.

1. The plan shall be signed and dated in accordance with Part III, Item 28, and be retained on-site at the facility which generates the storm water discharge.

2. The permittee shall make plans immediately available upon request to the Ohio EPA Director, or authorized representative, or Regional Administrator of U.S. EPA, a local agency approving storm water management plans, or in the case of a storm water discharge associated with industrial activity which discharges through a municipal separate storm sewer system, to the operator of the municipal system.

3. The Director may notify the permittee at any time that the plan does not meet one or more of the minimum requirements of this Part. Within 30 days of such notification from the Director, the permittee shall make the required changes to the plan and shall submit to the Director a written certification that the requested changes have been made.

4. All storm water pollution prevention plans required under this permit are considered reports that shall be available to the public under Section 308(b) of the Act. Confidential Business Information (CBI) may be withheld from the public, but may not be withheld from those staff cleared for CBI review within Ohio EPA. An interested party wishing a copy of a discharger's SWPPP will have to contact the Ohio EPA to obtain a copy.

I. Keeping SWPPP Current

The permittee shall modify the plan whenever necessary to address any of the triggering conditions for corrective action in Part IV.D and to ensure that they do not reoccur, or to reflect changes implemented when a review following the triggering conditions in Part IV.D.2 indicates that changes to your control measures are necessary to meet the control measures/best management practices (BMPs) in this permit. Changes to your SWPPP document shall be made in accordance with the corrective action deadlines in Part IV.D.3 and Part IV.D.4.

Amendments to the plan may be reviewed by Ohio EPA in the same manner as Part IV.H above.

J. Contents of SWPPP. The plan shall include, at a minimum, the following items:

1. Pollution Prevention Team. You shall identify the staff members (by name or title) that comprise the facility's storm water pollution prevention team as well as their individual responsibilities. Your storm water pollution prevention team is responsible for assisting the facility manager in developing

and revising the facility's SWPPP as well as maintaining control measures and taking corrective actions where required. Each member of the storm water pollution prevention team shall have ready access to either an electronic or paper copy of applicable portions of this permit and your SWPPP.

2. Description of Potential Pollutant Sources. You shall document at your facility where industrial materials or activities are exposed to storm water and from which allowable non-storm water discharges are released. Industrial materials or activites, include, but are not limited to: material handling equipment or activities; industrial machinery; raw materials; industrial production and processes: and intermediate products, by-products, final product or waste product. For each area identified, the description shall include, at a minimum:

   a. Site Description. Your SWPPP shall include:

      i. A description of the industrial activities at your facilitiy;
      ii. A general location map (e.g. U.S. Geologic Survey (USGS) quadrangle map) with enough detail to identify the location of your facility and all receiving waters for your storm water discharges.
      iii. A site map showing
      - The size of the property in acres;
      - The location and extent of significant structures and impervious surfaces;
      - Directions of storm water flow (use arrows);
      - Locations of all existing structural control measures;
      - Locations of all receiving waters in the immediate vicinity of your facility;
      - Locations of all storm water conveyances including ditches, pipes and swales;
      - Locations of potential pollutant sources identified under Part IV J. 2.b;
      - Locations where significant spills or leaks identified under Part IV J. 2.b. have occurred;
      - Locations of all storm water monitoring points;
      - Locations of storm water inlets and outfalls, with a unique identification code for each outfall (e.g. Outfall 001, Outfall 002, etc), indicating any outfalls that are considered substantially identical to another outfall, and an approximate outline of the areas draining to each outfall;
      - Municipal separate storm sewer systems, where your storm water discharges to them;
      - Locations and descriptions of all non-storm water discharges identified under Part IV. C. 10;
      - Locations of the following activities where such activities are exposed to precipitation
        - Fueling stations;
        - Vehicle and equipment maintenance and/or cleaning areas;
        - Loading/unloading areas;
        - Immediate access roads and rail lines used or traveled by carriers of raw materials, manufactured products, waste material, or by-products used or created by the facility;
        - Transfer areas for substances in bulk;
        - Machinery; and

- Locations and sources of run-on to your site from adjacent property that contains significant quantities of pollutants.

b. Inventory of Exposed Materials. This includes a list of industrial activities exposed to storm water (e.g., material storage; equipment fueling, maintenance, and cleaning; cutting steel beams). This also includes a list of the pollutant(s) or pollutant constituents (e.g, crankcase oil, zinc, sulfuric acid, and cleaning solvents) associated with each identified activity. The pollutant list shall include all significant materials that have been handled, treated, stored, or disposed, and that have been exposed to storm water in the three years prior to the data you prepare of amend your SWPPP.

c. Spills and Leaks. You shall document where potential spills and leaks could occur that could contribute pollutants to storm water discharges, and the corresponding outfall(s) that would be affected by such spills and leaks. You shall document all significant spills and leaks of oil or toxic or hazardous pollutants that actually occurred at exposed areas, or that drained to a storm water conveyance, in the three years prior to the date you prepare or amend your SWPPP. Note that significant spills and leaks include, but are not limited to, releases of oil or hazardous substances in excess of quantities that are reportable under CWA Section 311 (see 40 CFR 110.6 and 40 CFR 117.21) or Section 102 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA), 42 USC Section 9602. This permit does not relieve you of the reporting requirements of 40 CFR 110, 40 CFR 117, and 40 CFR 302 relating to spills or other releases of oil or hazardous substances.

d. Sampling Data. A summary of existing discharge sampling data describing pollutants in storm water discharges from the facility.

e. Non-Storm Water Discharges. You shall document that you have evaluated for the presence of non-storm water discharges and that all unauthorized discharges have been eliminated. Documentation of your evaluation shall include: 1) The date of any evaluation; 2) A description of the evaluation criteria used; 3) A list of the outfalls or onsite drainage points that were directly observed during the evaluation; 4) The different types of non-storm water discharge(s) and source locations; and 5) The action(s) taken, such as a list of control measures used to eliminate unauthorized discharge(s), if any were identified. For example, a floor drain was sealed, a sink drain was re-routed to sanitary, or an NPDES permit application was submitted for an unauthorized cooling water discharge.

f. Salt Storage. You shall document the location of any storage piles containing salt used for deicing or other commercial or industrial purposes.

3. Description of Control Measures. You shall document the location and type of control measures you have installed and implemented at your site to achieve the control measures/best management practices (BMPs) in Part IV.C, and where applicable, in Part IV.K. You shall describe how you addressed the control measure selection and design considerations in Part IV.B. This documentation shall describe how the control measures at your site address both the pollutant sources identified in

Part IV.J.2 and any storm water run-on that commingles with any discharges covered under this permit.

4. Schedules and Procedures.

a. Pertaining to Control Measures used to Comply with the Control Measures/Best Management Practices (BMPs). The following shall be documented in your SWPPP:

i. Good Housekeeping (See Part IV.C.2) – A schedule for regular pickup and disposal of waste materials, along with routine inspections for leaks and conditions of drums, tanks and containers.

ii. Maintenance (See Part IV.C.3) – Preventative maintenance procedures, including regular inspections, testing, maintenance, and repair of all industrial equipment and systems, and control measures, to avoid situations that may result in leaks, spills, and other releases, and any back-up practices in place should a runoff event occur while a control measure is off-line;

iii. Spill Prevention and Response Procedures (See Part IV.C.4) – Procedures for preventing and responding to spills and leaks. You may reference the existence of other plans for Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) developed for the facility under Section 311 of the CWA or BMP programs otherwise required by an NPDES permit for the facility, provided that you keep a copy of that other plan onsite and make it available for review consistent with Part V.B.4; and

iv. Employee Training (See Part IV.C.9) – A schedule for all types of necessary training.

b. Pertaining to Monitoring and Inspection. Where applicable, you shall document in your SWPPP your procedures for conducting analytical storm water monitoring. You shall document in your SWPPP your procedures for performing, as appropriate, the three types of inspections specified by this permit, including: 1) Routine facility inspections (See Part IV.E.1), 2) Quarterly visual assessment of storm water discharges (See Part IV.E.2), and 3) Comprehensive site inspections (See Part IV.E.3).

5. Documentation Requirements. You are required to keep inspection, monitoring, and certification records with your SWPPP that together keep your records complete and up-to-date, and demonstrate your full compliance with the conditions of this permit.

K. Sector-Specific Requirements - Sector L – Landfills, Land Application Sites, and Open Dumps

You must comply with the following sector-specific requirements associated with your primary industrial activity and any co-located industrial activities, as defined in Part VI. The sector-specific requirements apply to those areas of your facility where those sector-specific activities occur. These sector-specific requirements are in addition to any requirements specified elsewhere in this permit.

1 Limitations on Coverage.

a. Prohibition of Non-Storm Water Discharges. The following discharges are not authorized by this permit: leachate, gas collection condensate, drained free liquids, contaminated ground water,

laboratory wastewater, and contact washwater from washing truck and railcar exteriors and surface areas that have come in direct contact with solid waste at the landfill facility.

2 Definitions.

a. Contaminated storm water – storm water that comes into direct contact with landfill wastes, the waste handling and treatment areas, or landfill wastewater. Some areas of a landfill that may produce contaminated storm water include (but are not limited to) the open face of an active landfill with exposed waste (no cover added); the areas around wastewater treatment operations; trucks, equipment, or machinery that has been in direct contact with the waste; and waste dumping areas.

b. Drained free liquids - aqueous wastes drained from waste containers (e.g., drums) prior to landfilling.

c. Landfill wastewater - as defined in 40 CFR Part 445 (Landfills Point Source Category) all wastewater associated with, or produced by, landfilling activities except for sanitary wastewater, non-contaminated storm water, contaminated groundwater, and wastewater from recovery pumping wells. Landfill process wastewater includes, but is not limited to, leachate; gas collection condensate; drained free liquids; laboratory-derived wastewater; contaminated storm water; and contact washwater from washing truck, equipment, and railcar exteriors and surface areas that have come in direct contact with solid waste at the landfill facility.

d. Leachate - liquid that has passed through or emerged from solid waste and contains soluble, suspended, or miscible materials removed from such waste.

e. Non-contaminated storm water – storm water that does not come into direct contact with landfill wastes, the waste handling and treatment areas, or landfill wastewater. Non-contaminated storm water includes storm water that flows off the cap, cover, intermediate cover, daily cover, and/or final cover of the landfill.

3 Additional Control Measures/Best Management Practices (BMPs).

a. Preventive Maintenance Program. (See also Part IV.C.3.) As part of your preventive maintenance program, maintain the following: all elements of leachate collection and treatment systems, to prevent commingling of leachate with storm water; the integrity and effectiveness of any intermediate or final cover (including repairing the cover as necessary), to minimize the effects of settlement, sinking, and erosion.

b. Erosion and Sedimentation Control. (See also Part IV.C.5.) Provide temporary stabilization (e.g., temporary seeding, mulching, and placing geotextiles on the inactive portions of stockpiles) for the following: materials stockpiled for daily, intermediate, and final cover; inactive areas of the landfill or open dump; landfills or open dump areas that have gotten final covers but where vegetation has yet to establish itself; and land application sites where waste application has been completed but final vegetation has not yet been established.

c. Unauthorized Discharge Test Certification. (See also Part IV.J.2.f.) The discharge test and certification must also be conducted for the presence of leachate and vehicle washwater.

4. Additional SWPPP Requirements.

a. Drainage Area Site Map. (See also Part IV.J.2.a.) Document in your SWPPP where any of the following may be exposed to precipitation or surface runoff: closed landfill cells or trenches, closed land application areas, locations where open dumping has occurred, locations of any known leachate springs or other areas where uncontrolled leachate may commingle with runoff, and leachate collection and handling systems.

b. Summary of Potential Pollutant Sources. (See also Part IV.J.2.b.) Document in your SWPPP the following sources and activities that have potential pollutants associated with them: fertilizer, herbicide, and pesticide application; earth and soil moving; waste hauling and loading or unloading; outdoor storage of significant materials, including daily, interim, and final cover material stockpiles as well as temporary waste storage areas; exposure of inactive landfill and land application areas; uncontrolled leachate flows; and failure or leaks from leachate collection and treatment systems.

5 Additional Inspection Requirements. (See also Part IV.E.)

a. Inspections of Inactive Sites. Inspect closed landfills, open dumps, and land application sites at least quarterly. Qualified personnel must inspect landfill (or open dump) stabilization and structural erosion control measures, leachate collection and treatment systems, and all closed land application areas.

6 Additional Post-Authorization Documentation Requirements.

a. Recordkeeping and Internal Reporting. Keep records with your SWPPP of the types of wastes disposed of in each cell or trench of a landfill or open dump. For land application sites, track the types and quantities of wastes applied in specific areas.

Part V. Monitoring and Reporting Requirements

A. Reporting and Recordkeeping

1. Reporting Benchmark Monitoring Data to Ohio EPA. Benchmark monitoring data shall be submitted to Ohio EPA in accordance with Part III Item 4. of this permit.

2. Annual Report. You shall complete an annual report that includes the findings from your Part IV.E.3 comprehensive site inspection and any corrective action documentation as required in Part IV.D.4. If corrective action is not yet completed at the time of completion of this annual report, you shall describe the status of any outstanding corrective action(s). In addition to the information required in Part IV.D.4 (Corrective Action Report) and Part IV.E.3 (Comprehensive Site Inspection Documentation), you shall include the following information with your annual report:
   a. Facility name
   b. Ohio EPA Facility permit number
   c. Facility physical address
   d. Contact person name, title, and phone number

   You shall complete this report using the Annual Reporting Form provided by Ohio EPA at the following: http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/msgp2008_appendixi.pdf. You shall keep the annual report with your SWPPP.

B. Storm Water Monitoring Requirements - RESERVED

Part VI. Definitions and Acronyms

Action Area – all areas to be affected directly or indirectly by the storm water discharges, allowable non-storm water discharges, and storm water discharge-related activities, and not merely the immediate area involved in these discharges and activities.

Best Management Practices (BMPs) – schedules of activities, practices (and prohibitions of practices), structures, vegetation, maintenance procedures, and other management practices to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to surface waters of the State. BMPs also include treatment requirements, operating procedures, and practices to control plant site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw material storage. See 40 CFR 122.2.

Co-located Industrial Activities – Any industrial activities, excluding your primary industrial activity(ies), located on-site that are defined by the storm water regulations at 122.26(b)(14)(i)-(ix) and (xi). An activity at a facility is not considered co-located if the activity, when considered separately, does not meet the description of a category of industrial activity covered by the storm water regulations or identified by the SIC code list in Appendix D.

Control Measure – refers to any BMP or other method (including effluent limitations) used to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to surface waters of the State.

Director – the Director of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (Ohio EPA).

Discharge – when used without qualification, means the "discharge of a pollutant." See 40 CFR 122.2.

Discharge of a pollutant – any addition of any “pollutant” or combination of pollutants to “surface waters of the State” from any “point source,” or any addition of any pollutant or combination of pollutants to the waters of the “contiguous zone” or the ocean from any point source other than a vessel or other floating craft which is being used as a means of transportation. This includes additions of pollutants into surface waters of the State from: surface runoff which is collected or channeled by man; discharges through pipes, sewers, or other conveyances, leading into privately owned treatment works. See 40 CFR 122.2.

Discharge-related activities – activities that cause, contribute to, or result in storm water and allowable non-storm water point source discharges, and measures such as the siting, construction and operation of BMPs to control, reduce, or prevent pollution in the discharges.

Drought-stricken area – a period of below average water content in streams, reservoirs, ground-water aquifers, lakes and soils.

U.S. EPA Approved or Established Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) – “U.S. EPA Approved TMDLs” are those that are developed by a State and approved by U.S. EPA. “U.S. EPA Established TMDLs” are those that are developed by U.S. EPA.

Existing Discharger – an operator applying for coverage under this permit for discharges authorized previously under an NPDES general or individual permit.

Facility or Activity – any NPDES “point source” (including land or appurtenances thereto) that is subject to regulation under the NPDES program. See 40 CFR 122.2.

Federal Facility – any buildings, installations, structures, land, public works, equipment, aircraft, vessels, and other vehicles and property, owned by, or constructed or manufactured for the purpose of leasing to, the federal government.

Illicit Discharge – is defined at 40 CFR 122.26(b)(2) and refers to any discharge to a municipal separate storm sewer that is not entirely composed of storm water, except discharges authorized under an NPDES permit (other than the NPDES permit for discharges from the MS4) and discharges resulting from fire fighting activities.

Impaired Water (or "Water Quality Impaired Water" or "Water Quality Limited Segment") – A water is impaired for purposes of this permit if it has been identified by a State or U.S. EPA pursuant to Section 303(d) of the Clean Water Act as not meeting applicable State water quality standards (these waters are called "water quality limited segments" under 40 CFR 30.2(j)). Impaired waters include both waters with approved or established TMDLs, and those for which a TMDL has not yet been approved or established.

Industrial Activity – the 10 categories of industrial activities included in the definition of "storm water discharges associated with industrial activity" as defined in 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14)(i)-(ix) and (xi).

Industrial Storm Water – storm water runoff from industrial activity.

Municipal Separate Storm Sewer – a conveyance or system of conveyances (including roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, man-made channels, or storm drains):

(i) Owned or operated by a State, city, town, borough, county, parish, district, association, or other public body (created by or pursuant to State law) having jurisdiction over disposal of sewage, industrial wastes, storm water, or other wastes, including special districts under State law such as a sewer district, flood control district or drainage district, or similar entity, or a designated and approved management agency under section 208 of the CWA that discharges to surface waters of the State;

(ii) Designed or used for collecting or conveying storm water;

(iii) Which is not a combined sewer; and

(iv) Which is not part of a Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) as defined at 40 CFR 122.2. See 40 CFR 122.26(b)(4) and (b)(7).

New Discharger – a facility from which there is a discharge, that did not commence the discharge at a particular site prior to August 13, 1979, which is not a new source, and which has never received a finally effective NPDES permit for discharges at that site. See 40 CFR 122.2.

New Source – any building, structure, facility, or installation from which there is or may be a "discharge of pollutants," the construction of which commenced:

- after promulgation of standards of performance under section 306 of the CWA which are applicable to such source, or

- after proposal of standards of performance in accordance with section 306 of the CWA which are applicable to such source, but only if the standards are promulgated in accordance with section 306 within 120 days of their proposal. See 40 CFR 122.2.

New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) – technology-based standards for facilities that qualify as new sources under 40 CFR 122.2 and 40 CFR 122.29.

No exposure – all industrial materials or activities are protected by a storm-resistant shelter to prevent exposure to rain, snow, snowmelt, and/or runoff. See 40 CFR 122.26(g).

Ohio EPA – the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency.

Operator – any entity with a storm water discharge associated with industrial activity that meets either of the following two criteria:

(i) The entity has operational control over industrial activities, including the ability to modify those activities; or
(ii) The entity has day-to-day operational control of activities at a facility necessary to ensure compliance with the permit (e.g., the entity is authorized to direct workers at a facility to carry out activities required by the permit).

Person – an individual, association, partnership, corporation, municipality, State or Federal agency, or an agent or employee thereof. See 40 CFR 122.2.

Point source – any discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, landfill leachate collection system, vessel, or other floating craft from which pollutants are or may be discharged. This term does not include return flows from irrigated agriculture or agricultural storm water runoff. See 40 CFR 122.2.

Pollutant – dredged spoil, solid waste, incinerator residue, filter backwash, sewage, garbage, sewage sludge, munitions, chemical wastes, biological materials, heat, wrecked or discarded equipment, rock, sand, cellar dirt, and industrial, municipal and agricultural waste discharged into water. See 40 CFR 122.2.

Pollutant of concern – A pollutant which causes or contributes to a violation of a water quality standard, including a pollutant which is identified as causing an impairment in a state's 303(d) list.

Primary industrial activity – includes any activities performed on-site which are (1) identified by the facility's primary SIC code; or (2) included in the narrative descriptions of 122.26(b)(14)(i), (iv), (v), or (vii), and (ix). [For co-located activities covered by multiple SIC codes, it is recommended that the primary industrial determination be based on the value of receipts or revenues or, if such information is not available for a particular facility, the number of employees or production rate for each process may be compared. The operation that generates the most revenue or employs the most personnel is the operation in which the facility is primarily engaged. In situations where the vast majority of on-site activity falls within one SIC code, that activity may be the primary industrial activity.] Narrative descriptions in 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14) identified above include: (i) activities subject to storm water effluent limitations guidelines, new source performance standards, or toxic pollutant effluent standards; (iv) hazardous waste

treatment storage, or disposal facilities including those that are operating under interim status or a permit under subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA); (v) landfills, land application sites and open dumps that receive or have received industrial wastes; (vii) steam electric power generating facilities; and (ix) sewage treatment works with a design flow of 1.0 mgd or more.

Qualified Personnel – Qualified personnel are those who possess the knowledge and skills to assess conditions and activities that could impact storm water quality at your facility, and who can also evaluate the effectiveness of control measures.

Reportable Quantity Release – a release of a hazardous substance at or above the established legal threshold that requires emergency notification. Refer to 40 CFR Parts 110, 117, and 302 for complete definitions and reportable quantities for which notification is required.

Runoff coefficient – the fraction of total rainfall that will appear at the conveyance as runoff. See 40 CFR 122.26(b)(11).

Semi-Arid Climate – areas where annual rainfall averages from 10 to 20 inches.

Significant materials – includes, but is not limited to: raw materials; fuels; materials such as solvents, detergents, and plastic pellets; finished materials such as metallic products; raw materials used in food processing or production; hazardous substances designated under section 101(14) of CERCLA; any chemical the facility is required to report pursuant to section 313 of Title III of SARA; fertilizers; pesticides; and waste products such as ashes, slag and sludge that have the potential to be released with storm water discharges. See 40 CFR 122.26(b)(12).

Special Aquatic Sites – sites identified in 40 CFR 230 Subpart E. These are geographic areas, large or small, possessing special ecological characteristics of productivity, habitat, wildlife protection, or other important and easily disrupted ecological values. These areas are generally recognized as significantly influencing or positively contributing to the general overall environmental health or vitality of the entire ecosystem of a region.

Storm Water – storm water runoff, snow melt runoff, and surface runoff and drainage. See 40 CFR 122.26(b)(13).

Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction Activity – a discharge of pollutants in storm water runoff from areas where soil disturbing activities (e.g., clearing, grading, or excavating), construction materials, or equipment storage or maintenance (e.g., fill piles, borrow areas, concrete truck washout, fueling), or other industrial storm water directly related to the construction process (e.g., concrete or asphalt batch plants) are located. See 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14)(x) and 40 CFR 122.26(b)(15).

Storm Water Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity – the discharge from any conveyance that is used for collecting and conveying storm water and that is directly related to manufacturing, processing or raw materials storage areas at an industrial plant. The term does not include discharges from facilities or activities excluded from the NPDES program under Part 122. For the categories of industries identified in this section, the term includes, but is not limited to, storm water discharges from industrial plant yards; immediate access roads and rail lines used or traveled by carriers of raw materials, manufactured products, waste material, or by-products used or created by the facility; material handling sites; refuse sites; sites used for the application or disposal of process waste waters (as defined at part 401 of this chapter); sites used for the storage and maintenance of material handling equipment; sites used for residual treatment, storage, or disposal; shipping and receiving areas; manufacturing buildings; storage

areas (including tank farms) for raw materials, and intermediate and final products; and areas where industrial activity has taken place in the past and significant materials remain and are exposed to storm water. For the purposes of this paragraph, material handling activities include storage, loading and unloading, transportation, or conveyance of any raw material, intermediate product, final product, by-product or waste product. The term excludes areas located on plant lands separate from the plant's industrial activities, such as office buildings and accompanying parking lots as long as the drainage from the excluded areas is not mixed with storm water drained from the above described areas. Industrial facilities include those that are federally, State, or municipally owned or operated that meet the description of the facilities listed in 40 CFR 122.26(b)(14).

Surface Waters of the State - Means all streams, lakes, ponds, marshes, watercourses, waterways, springs, irrigation systems, drainage systems, and all other bodies or accumulations of surface water, natural or artificial, which are situated wholly or partly within, or border upon, this state, or are within its jurisdiction, except those private waters which do not combine or effect a junction with natural surface waters.

Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) – A TMDL is a calculation of the maximum amount of a pollutant that a waterbody can receive and still meet water quality standards, and an allocation of that amount to the pollutant's sources. A TMDL includes wasteload allocations (WLAs) for point source discharges; load allocations (LAs) for nonpoint sources and/or natural background, and shall include a margin of safety (MOS) and account for seasonal variations. (See section 303(d) of the Clean Water Act and 40 CFR 130.2 and 130.7).

Water Quality Impaired – See 'Impaired Water'.

Water Quality Standards – A water quality standard defines the water quality goals of a water body, or portion thereof, by designating the use or uses to be made of the water and by setting criteria necessary to protect the uses. States and U.S. EPA adopt water quality standards to protect public health or welfare, enhance the quality of water and serve the purposes of the Clean Water Act (See CWA sections 101(a)2 and 303(c)). Water quality standards also include an antidegradation policy. See P.U.D. o. 1 of Jefferson County et al v. Wash Dept of Ecology et al, 511 US 701, 705 (1994).

"You" and "Your" – as used in this permit are intended to refer to the permittee, the operator, or the discharger as the context indicates and that party's facility or responsibilities. The use of "you" and "your" refers to a particular facility and not to all facilities operated by a particular entity. For example, "you shall submit" means the permittee shall submit something for that particular facility. Likewise, "all your discharges" would refer only to discharges at that one facility.

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

BAT – Best Available Technology Economically Achievable

BOD5 – Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day test)

BMP – Best Management Practice

BPJ – Best Professional Judgment

BPT – Best Practicable Control Technology Currently Available

CERCLA – Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act

CGP – Construction General Permit

COD – Chemical Oxygen Demand

CWA – Clean Water Act (or the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. §1251 *et seq*)

CWT – Centralized Waste Treatment

DMR – Discharge Monitoring Report

U.S. EPA – U. S. Environmental Protection Agency

FWS – U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service

LA – Load Allocations

MDMR – MSGP Discharge Monitoring Report

MGD – Million Gallons per Day

MOS – Margin of Safety

MS4 – Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System

MSDS – Material Safety Data Sheet

MSGP – Multi-Sector General Permit

NAICS – North American Industry Classification System

NMFS – U. S. National Marine Fisheries Service

NOI – Notice of Intent

NOT – Notice of Termination

NPDES – National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

NRC – National Response Center

NTU – Nephelometric Turbidity Unit

OMB – U. S. Office of Management and Budget

ORW – Outstanding Resource Water

OSM – U. S. Office of Surface Mining

POTW – Publicly Owned Treatment Works

RCRA – Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RQ – Reportable Quantity

SARA – Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

SIC – Standard Industrial Classification

SMCRA – Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act

SPCC – Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasures

SWPPP – Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

TMDL – Total Maximum Daily Load

TSDF – Treatment, Storage, or Disposal Facility

TSS – Total Suspended Solids

USGS – United States Geological Survey

WLA – Wasteload Allocation

WQS – Water Quality Standard